

A BRIEF HISTORY

Mr. T.

OF THE

### 89th Indiana Volunteer Infantry,

FROM ITS

ORGANIZATION AUGUST 28, 1862,

TO THE CLOSE OF ITS TERM OF SERVICE,

INCLUDING OFFICIAL REPORTS,

AND A

LIST OF CASUALTIES IN ACTIONS.

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### HISTORY, &c.

The Regiment was organized August 28th, 1862, at Camp Burnside, Indianapolis, Indiana, and in obedience to orders of Governor Morton, moved thence to Louisville, Ky., under command of Lieut. Col. H. Craven, by railroad, a distance of 108 miles, and reported to General T. J. Boyles, Sunday morning, the 31st day of August. Went into camp at Louisville, and was assigned to Colonel Kirk's brigade. Remained there till Tuesday evening, when the regiment moved by railroad, under command of Colonel C. D. Murray, to Munfordsville, Ky., a distance of 72 miles, in obedience to orders of General T. J. Boyler; at which latter place, they arrived Wednesday morning at break of day, and reported to General Ward. The regiment remained at the fortifications at Greene River bridge, by Munfordsville, Ky., till Wednesday morning, the 17th day of September, 1862, under command of Colonel Murray—the post being commanded by Col. C. L. Dunham, 50th Indiana, and Colonel John C. Wilder. 17th Indiana, alternately, Colonel Wilder having the command the greater portion of the time. Sunday morning, 14th, at four o'clock in the morning, the pickets were driven in by the rebels, under command of Gen. Chalmers, and at or before sun up the fort was attacked with great fury, and the works were charged at every point south of Greene River; but the enemy were repulsed as often as they charged, with great slaughter. The battle continued to rage until about nine o'clock, A. M., when the enemy, under flag of truce, were permitted to take off their dead and wounded. From that time till Tuesday morning, about eight o'clock, the garrison remained undisturbed; when a second attack was made, and continued during the greater portion of the day. The attack on the second day was not so violent as the first, the works not being charged during the day; but there was a greatly increased and almost continuous artillery fire kept up by the enemy during the greater portion of the day, and was promptly responded to by the artillery from the fort. Skirmishers were occasionally sent out from the fort, when spirited skirmishing would follow with the enemy, who, by this time, had been greatly reinforced

by the advance of the rebel enemy under General Bragg. Wednesday morning the entire garrison, under command of Colonel Wilder, was surrendered to General Bragg; Colonel Wilder having refused to surrender till he had informed himself of the superior force of the enemy, after personal examination of their artillery, then in position, completely commanding the fort. The 50th, 60th, 67th and 89th Indiana, along with several detachments and two batteries, were surrendered and paroled on the same day. The accompanying report, marked (A,) contains a complete list of the casualities in the 89th. in the engagements of the 14th and 16th. The command marched out of the fort a distance of about four miles, to an open field, where they were paroled on the morning of the 17th, and that evening were marched about three miles back to the banks of Greene River, below the fort, where they encamped for the night; and the next evening were marched to the lines of Major General Buel's command, a distance of about eight miles, entering his lines the next morning at sunrise. Thence, the regiment, in company with other paroled prisoners, marched to Bowling Green, Ky.; thence via Brownsville, Litchfield, Big Spring, to Brandenburg, Ky.; then crossed the Ohio river to Mauckport, and marched through Corydon and New Albany to Jeffersonville, Indiana, a distance of 200 miles by route of travel from Munfordsville; thence by rail to Indianapolis, a distance of 108 miles, at which latter place we arrived September 30th, 1862. In our march from Bowling Green the regiment was under command of Col. Murray; the troops being under command of Colonel Ray, 49th Ind. Vols. October 1st, 1862, the entire 89th Indiana were furloughed for twenty days, and allowed to repair at once to their respective homes. The time was subsequently, by order of Governor Morton, extended seven days. October 27th, the regiment was again assembled at Indianapolis, and went into camp in Camp Morton, and was occupied in drilling and doing camp duty till December 5th, having been notified November 17th, by Governor Morton, that they had been exchanged. December 5th, 1862, the regiment, under command of Colonel Murray, moved by railroad via Terre Haute to Cairo, Ill., a distance of 322 miles; thence on board the steamer Ohio Belle, down the Mississippi to Memphis, Tenn., a distance of 240 miles; arriving at Memphis December 8th, and were assigned to Brig. Gen. Burbridge's brigade, in the Division commanded by Brig. Gen. Andrew J. Smith, and the regiment was camped on the premises occupied by Dr. Walker, on the south side of Memphis. December 21st the regiment was moved into Fort Pickering, then commanded by Brig. Gen. Asboth. January 12th, 1863, Colonel Murray was assigned to the command of Fort Pickering, Gen. Asboth having been assigned to the command at Columbus, Ky., and the command of the regiment devolved upon Lieutenant Colonel H. Craven.

The regiment remained in Fort Pickering, doing guard and fatigue duty, until the 18th day of October, 1863, when the brigade, under command of Colonel Murray, composed of the 89th Indiana and 117th Illinois, were moved out of the fort and put on picket duty about the

city of Memphis; in which duty the regiment continued till the 26th day of January, 1864, not having been away, except the regiment marched under command of Lieut. Col. Craven to Hernando, Miss., and back, a distance of 62 miles, leaving the fort August 16th, and returning on the 20th; and a detachment of 200 men from the 89th, and 200 from the 117th Illinois, under command of Major Sam Henry; the command leaving Memphis December 25th, and returning December 31st, 1863, having skirmished with the rear of Gen. Forrest's command, at Lafayette, on the 25th of December, and marched in pursuit to Coldwater, a distance of 60 miles travel out from Memphis.

January 26th, 1864, the 89th Indiana having been previously assigned to the command of the 1st Brig., under Col. David Moore, 21st Missouri, 3d Div., under Brig. Gen. A. J. Smith, 16th A. C., under Maj. Gen. Hurlbut, broke camp at Poplar street, Memphis, and went on board the steamers Lady Pike and Robert Hamilton, and, after some delays, in company with the fleet under command of Maj. Gen. Sherman, we arrived at Vicksburg, Miss., a distance of 400 miles from Memphis, on the evening of the 31st of January; and February 1st, 1864, marched from the river back of Vicksburg into camp, and on the following day, late in the evening, took up our line of march for Meridian, marching through Jackson, Branden, Hillsboro, &c., a distance of 150 miles by route of travel; arriving at Meridian February 14th, and having skirmished with the enemy at Queen's Hill, February 4th, and at Meridian on the 14th, but without casualties to the regiment. The next day, February 15th, was engaged in tearing up the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and arrived at Marion, six miles north of Meridian, on the 16th, where we went into camp and remained till the 20th, awaiting the arrival of the cavalry command of Gen. W. S. Smith, by land from Memphis. February 20th, we broke camp and marched via Canton to Vicksburg, a distance of 160 miles, and arrived at Vicksburg, March 4th, 1864. The accompanying report, marked (B), contains a complete list of the causalties of the 89th Indiana while on the Meridian expedition under Maj. Gen. W. T. Sherman.

March 10th, 1864, we broke camp in rear of Vicksburg and embarked on board the steamers Henry Chouteau, and, in company with other steamers of the fleet under command of Brig. Gen. A. J. Smith, composed of 10,000 troops, and were soon en route for the mouth of Red River, and landed at Simmesport, on the Atchafalaya Bayou, at the mouth of Red River, a distance of 200 miles, on the 12th day of March. Sunday morning, the 13th, the regiment marched to Fort Scurry and back to Simmesport, a distance of six miles. Sunday night at half-past eight o'clock, the regiment, with the balance of Gen. A J. Smith's command, started for Fort De Russey, and arrived there March 14th, a distance of 30 miles from Simmesport, formed line of battle, attacked, charged, and captured the fort that day about sundown, capturing over 300 prisoners and

12 pieces of artillery. The accompanying report, marked (C), contains a complete list of the casualties of the 89th Indiana in the engagement at Fort De Russey. Laying in camp at Fort De Russey, on the 15th we again, during the night, embarked on board the steamer Chouteau, and passing up the river, landed at Alexandria on the 16th, a distance of 75 miles. The brigade was now under command of Col. William F. Lynch, 58th Illinois Vol., who had been assigned to the command of the brigade at Vicksburg, about the 5th day of March. The regiment remained at Alexandria till March 21st, when, under command of Lieut. Col. Craven, they marched out to Henderson's Hill, along with other troops, under command of Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Mower, a distance of 20 miles from Alexandria, and participated in the capture of the rebels there, composed of about 270 troops and four pieces of artillery. March 22d and 23d the command returned to Alexandria. March 26th the regiment, with balance of Gen. Smith's command, marched; Army of the Gulf, under command of Maj. Gen. Banks, having arrived at Alexandria on the 23d, 24th and 25th, and the united armies, on the 26th, marched for Shrevesport, La. March 27th, the regiment arrived at Cotile Landing, distant from Alexandria 28 miles, and rested till April 2d, and again on board the steamer Henry Chouteau, a distance by river of 142 miles, to Grand Ecore, where we landed April 3d, and where we again remained in camp till the 7th day of April, when the regiment, with balance of Gen. Smith's command, marched, arriving at Pleasant Hill, a distance of 30 miles from Grand Ecore by line of march. April 9th, 1864, we rested, and lay in line of battle, awaiting the approach of the rebel enemy under the command of Maj. Gen. R. 'laylor, then in pursuit of the 13th and 19th A. C. falling back from Sabine Cross Roads, where the rebel army had encountered and defeated the 13th corps on the 8th. April 9th was fought the battle of Pleasant Hill, the 89th participating in the engagement. The accompanying report shows the part taken by the regiment in the engagement, and contains a complete list of the casualties, and is marked (D).

Sunday morning, the 10th, at three o'clock A. M., the command of General A. J. Smith, including the 89th Indiana, commenced retreating, in obedience to orders from Gen. Banks, and arrived at Grand Ecore on the 11th of April, a distance of 80 miles, and remained there till April 20th, awaiting the return of the gunboats under the command of Admiral Porter and transports with infantry, under the command of Brigadier General T. Kilby Smith. April 20th, Gen A. J. Smith's command marched to Natchitoches, a distance of four miles, and there lay in line of battle till the Army of the Gulf, under command of General Banks, marched down to Natchitoches and crossed Cain River the old bed of Red River. About the hour of 11 o'clock at night, the command of A. J. Smith, covering the retreat, marched, crossing the river at Natchitoches, and after a delay, allowing the army of the Gulf to move out of the way, again took up the march, and continued by day, and frequently by night, to march, reaching Alexandria, a distance of

95 miles from Natchitoches, on the evening of April 26th. While portions of the command were engaged daily in front or rear, or on the flanks, the 89th was not engaged during the retreat from Pleasant Hill to Alexandria. We remained in camp at Alexandria till the first of May, when the regiment marched out south-west of Alexandria five miles, to Bayou Roberts, thence, May 3d, to Gov. Moore's plantation, eight miles from Alexandria, and on the 6th and 7th, marched out with other troops to reconnoiter and procure forage, a distance of about eight miles, to Bayou La Moore, near the Chanevville road, and there, on the evening of the 7th, the 89th Indiana and 119th Illinois, under command of Col. Lynch, commanding the brigade, encountered the enemy in force, and, after a severe fight of a few minutes, charged and repulsed them, with a loss in the 89th of fifteen men, in killed and wounded. The accompanying report, marked (E), contains a correct list of the casualties, and a report of the part taken by the 89th in the engagement of that day. During the night of the 7th of May, the regiment marched back to their former camp, on Governor Moore's plantation.

May 14th, the gunboats and transports, by means of a dam to raise the water of Red River on the Falls at Alexandria, having been safely conducted over, the regiment again, with the command of A. J. Smith, marched, and on the 17th arrived at and crossed Yellow Bayou on pontoons, three miles from Simmesport, on the Atchafalaya, and camped in line of battle, having marched a distance of fifty miles from Gov. Moore's plantation.

May 16th, the regiment was in the engagement with the enemy on the prairie near Marksville, with but little loss on either side, as the enemy retreated at the opening of the engagement. A report of the part taken, and the casualties in the regiment accompanies this, and is marked (F.)

May 18th, the regiment recrossed the Yellow Bayou, and in company with the 58th and 119th Illinois, marched up Bayou De Glaise two miles to Smith and Norwood's plantations; and after a severe engagement with the enemy under command of Gen. Polenack, the rebels were repulsed with great slaughter—the fighting continuing till sundown, when we rested upon our arms, masters of the field. The accompanying report marked (G) contains an account of the part taken by the 89th, and a list of the casualties.

May 19th, the 89th bringing up the rear, was the last to cross the Atchafalaya on a bridge of boats, and camped for the night on the bank of the Bayou. Next day marched a distance of 20 miles to Red River landing, on the Mississippi, and embarked on board the steamer "Marmora," and next day set sail with the fleet for Vicksburg.

Sailing from Red River landing, the fleet arrived safely at Vicksburg, a distance of about 225 miles, on the 24th day of May, when Col. David Moore, 21st Missouri, having returned from home, was assigned to the command of the 3d Division, and Col. C. D. Murray to the command of the 1st Brigade. At Vicksburg, the troops dis-

embarked and remained in camp in the open field, on the banks of the Mississippi, till the 4th day of June, when they re-embarked the 89th on board the steamer Henry Chouteau and landed below Columbia, Arkansas, on the 5th, and on the 6th marched around Lake Chicot to look after a battery and rebel troops, who, under the command of the rebel Gen. Marmaduke, had been firing upon transports passing up and down the Mississippi. In the march around the Lake the 89th were not engaged in any fighting, but were assigned, by order of Gen. Smith, to the guarding of the ambulances containing the wounded; and the regiment also buried the dead. The 1st Division, under command of Gen. Mower, being in the advance, found the rebel forces in a strong position across a bayou, where, for a short time, they made a stubborn resistance, but the Union forces being brought up and beginning to assume a line of battle for a more general engagement, the rebels retired. The march of the troops around the Lake was about 15 miles. Re-embarking again. the 89th Indiana landed at Memphis June 9th, in the night; disembarked the 10th, and went into camp on the Hernando road; changing camp in a few days to a point north of the former camp on a spring branch, and there remained till the 23d day of June, when the regiment marched, under command of Lieut. Col. Craven, to the Charleston depot, and moved thence by railroad to Colliersville, distant 24 miles; thence marched on foot and guarded wagon train to Moscow, on the Charleston and Memphis railroad—a distance of 15 miles; lay there in camp a few days and marched June 27th to La Grange, Tenn.; remained there in camp on the banks of Wolf River till the 5th day of July, and then marched via Davis's Mill. Ripley, New Albany, to Pontotock, Miss., arriving at Pontotock the 11th day of July, and there lay in camp till the morning of the 13th; marched thence through Harrisburg to Tupelo. The rear being attacked, the advance marched back and formed line of battle about a half mile east of Harrisburg and camped in line of battle there. The next morning moved back on the road to Harrisburg and formed line of battle, and at the hour of 7 o'clock A. M. were hotly engaged in battle with the rebel troops under command of Mai. Gens. S. D. Lee and Forrest. The accompanying report, marked (H), contains a report of the engagement and a complete list of the casualties of the trip.

The next morning about 9 o'clock, the regiment, along with the other troops of the 3d Division, took up the line of march for Memphis, the 1st Division moving on after us, but not until they had another engagement with the enemy, whom they repulsed. The command of Maj. Gen. A. J. Smith having accomplished the purpose of their expedition, marched back to La Grange, via New Albany and Ripley, and arrived at Memphis July 23, where the command rested till August 8th, performing but very little duty of any kind, having traveled a distance of about 240 miles, the greater portion of which they marched, the weather being remarkably hot for the season of the year, in that climate. August 8th the command of Maj. Gen. A. J. Smith again took up the line of march, to look after Gen. Forrest. in northern Mississippi, and passing to Holly Springs by railroad, arrived there on the 8th day of August, and on the 11th day of Auoust, the 119th Illinois and 89th Indiana moved back to La Grange by railroad, remained at La Grange till the 12th day of August, when the regiment again returned to Holly Springs, and the command of Gen. Smith marched to Oxford, Miss., the advance of his command arriving there on the 22d day of August, when intelligence was received that Forrest, with a cavalry force, had entered Memphis; the column then halted, and the same day commenced moving for Memphis, and arrived there Aug. 30th, the regiment having traveled by railroad a distance of 133 miles, and marched on foot a distance of 106 miles. No general fight was had by any of the troops on that expedition, but there was some skirmish fighting at the Tallehatchie river, going out, by the 1st Division, under Gen. Mower, and some skirmishing by the 3d Division, under Col. Shaw, near the same place, returning.

The 89th was in line of battle, but was not engaged.

The regiment lay again at Memphis from Aug. 30th to Sept 6th, mustering for pay in the meantime, when again the command of A. J. Smith embarked on transports, the 89th on board the steamer L. M. Kennett, arrived at Cairo, Ill., Sept. 9th; lay there with the transports till Sept. 15th; then started up the Mississippi and landed at Jefferson Barracks Sept. 19th, distant from Memphis 500 miles, and remained there till Sept. 27th, when the regiment, in company with a portion of the 3d Division, moved by railroad to De Soto, a distance of 43 miles, and returned again to Jefferson Barracks on the first day of October, having stopped at the block houses at the railroad crossing at the Merrimac river two days; making a distance of 86 miles traveled by railroad, going and returning. October 2d, the 3d Division, under command of Col. William T. Shaw, 14th Iowa, 1st Brigade under command of Col. David Moore, 21st Missouri, and the 89th Indiana under command of Lt. Col. Craven, marched in pursuit of the rebel Gen. Price, then invading Missouri, and marched via Kirkwood, Gray's Summit, Linn, Jefferson City, California, Otterville, thence by rail to Sedalia, where the command rested two or three days, and found the citizens much excited from the attack and capture of the town by Gen. Jeff. Thompson's command the day previous to our arrival, and the assassination of negroes on the farms in that vicinity. While resting there, the 89th was called on for fifty men, properly officered, with instructions to report at Gen. Pleasanton's Head Quarters. Companies C and G were detailed, Co. G under command of Lieut. L. Sims (since promoted Captain), and the whole under command of Lieut. F. Jones, Co. C, (since promoted Capt. of his company). Lieut. Jones reported to Gen. Pleasanton, and learned that the Gen. wanted him to go out 12 miles and guard a water-station on the railroad. Gen. A. J. Smith was at Gen. Pleasanton's Head Quarters, and the two Generals were consulting as to the propriety of relieving the detail and sending out the militia. Gen. Smith inquired of Lieut. Jones what regiment he was from; he told him the

89th Indiana. Gen. Smith, turning to Gen. Pleasanton, said, "It won't do to release these men; they are the very men we want." Gen. Pleasanton then proposed to send them with the militia, under command of the Col. Lieut. Jones objected, and said that the Col. had been accused of running the day before, when Sedalia was attacked, and he did not want to go under such a man. "Then," said Gen. Pleasanton, "are you willing to go with your own command?" "I am," was the reply. "How many men have you?" inquired the General. "Fifty," was the answer. "Then I will send you in command of your own men." They were sent out, and many feelings of anxiety were entertained by the regiment for the two companies, lest they should be captured by the greatly superior cavalry forces that were scouring the country. Indeed, it was reported that they had been captured, but the report proved to be untrue, for they were relieved the next day, and ordered to follow the regiment, then 15 miles ahead of them. By a forced march that day, and till 12 o'clock at night, they reached the regiment, to the surprise and gratification of all.

Leaving Sedalia, the 89th marched thence on foot to Georgetown, Lexington, Independence, Oxford in Kansas, Harrisonville, Mo., Pleasant Hill, Lone Jack, Greenton, Lexington, Dover, Waverly, Glasgow, Fayette, Rocheport, Columbia, Fulton, High Hill, Warranton, St. Charles, and thence to St. Louis, a distance of 720 miles, on foot, except the 13 miles traveled by railroad.

At Greenton, a small village about ten miles south of Lexington, Major Samuel Henry, Assistant Surgeon John P. Porter, and Lieut. and Regimental Quartermaster Harles Ashley, were captured by guerrillas Nov. 1st, 1864, taken out to the woods, a distance of a mile or more, and murdered in cold blood. The circumstances were these: The night previous, the command arrived in camp at a late hour, being long after dark. Tired from a wearisome march, time was not taken to pitch tents, but fires were built, a little supper hastily prepared, and immediately all laid down to rest. During the night a heavy rain fell, wetting blankets and chilling all, for the night was cool The day following was quite cold, and some snow was falling. On our march to Lexington, the above named officers stopped at the village of Greenton-perhaps in consequence of being wet and coldand called for dinner. While tarrying at the house and enjoying a pleasant dinner, the entire column passed, leaving them still at the house. About fifteen minutes after the rear of the column had passed, and immediately after it was out of sight, three guerrillas, dressed in Federal uniform and well armed, rode up and captured the above named officers as they came out of the house, who were unfortunately wholly unarmed except one pistol, supposed to have been in Major Henry's holster, on his horse. Immediately after their capture they were mounted on their horses, and guarded by their captors with drawn pistols, taken back on the road the command came in on, shot, robbed of horses, watches, money and other valuables, and stripped of their most valuable clothing, and their bodies left in

the woods unburied, near the roadside. Their fate was not known to the regiment till its arrival at Glasgow, some days afterwards, when a deep gloom hung over the regiment for days. Their feelings were not put forth in boisterous words, but could be read in the countenances of determined men. The mention of their names in the regiment has ever since produced much solemnity of feeling, for they were worthy officers and had many friends.

The regiment was not in any engagement with the enemy during that long march. Gen. Price's forces being mounted kept out of our reach, but we were at Blue River the next morning after the engagement there between his forces and Gen. Pleasanton's cavalry, and participated in taking care of the dead and wounded still on the field when we arrived at Blue River, between Independence and Kansas City. The casualties of that expedition are given in the accompany-

ing report, marked (I). The regiment remained with Smith's command at St. Louis, on a piece of open ground, exposed to the most violent winds, in extraordinarily cold, snowy weather, destitute of good clothing, many of the men being almost naked, from their long and excessive march, till the 24th day of November. The regiment then embarked on board the steamer America, and arrived at Nashville, Tenn., November 30th, (after the fight at Franklin between the Union forces under Major Gen. Schofield, and the rebel forces under Lieut. Gen. Hood,) having traveled by steamer a distance of 550 miles. December 1st, the regiment disembarked and was moved to the rear of Nashville, where it lay till the morning of the 15th in line of battle. In the meantime, after our arrival at Nashville, Brigadier Gen. K. Garrard, was assigned to the command of the 2d Division; formerly the third (3d) Division, the number having been changed after our arrival at Nashville; and Col. David Moore again was put in command of the 1st Brigade, the regiment remaining under command of Lieut. Col. Craven. The accompanying report marked (K,) shows the part taken by the regiment in the battle of Nashville on the 15th and 16th of December, and contains a complete list of the casualities in the regiment.

December 17th, the regiment marched, along with other troops, in pursuit of Hood's retreating army, passing through Franklin, Spring Hill, Columbia, Mt. Pleasant and Waynesboro, to Clifton, on the Tennessee River, a distance of 150 miles, arriving there January 1st, 1865; thence on board the steamer Huntsman, to Eastport, Miss., by River, a distance of 74 miles. Lay at Eastport till February 9th, when the regiment, under command of Major Joseph P. Winters, on board the steamer Anglo Saxon, arriving at Cairo, February 10th, and leaving there February 12th, arrived at Vicksburg February 15th; disembarked, lay in camp till February 19th; re-embarked on Anglo Saxon and left Vicksburg for New Orleans; arriving there February 21st, at a distance from Eastport, by river, of about 1,325 miles; lay in camp at Chalmetta, below the city about 6 miles, till March 6th, when the regiment, under command of Lt. Col. Craven,

embarked on board the steamer Col. Colburn, and moved down to the South West Pass, at the delta of the Mississippi, a distance of 110 miles, thence on board the steamship Guiding Star, on the 8th day of March, sailed for Dauphin Island, a distance of 90 miles; landed at Dauphin Island March 8th, in the night; next morning disembarked and remained there till March 19th, when the regiment embarked on board the steamer Tarrascon and moved up Mobile Bay to the mouth of Fish River, thence up Fish River to Davis' Mill, a distance of 46 miles; disembarked and remained there till March 25th; marched thence, arriving at a point between Spanish Fort and Blakely March 26th, and lay there, participating in the siege, till the fortifications were taken. The accompanying report marked (M,) shows the part taken by the regiment, and the list of casualties in the siege.

April 13th, the 16th Army Corps, under command of Major General A. J. Smith, marched for Montgomery, Ala., passing through Greenville and arrived in Montgomery April 26th and 27th, having traveled a distance of 175 miles. At Montgomery, the regiment lay in camp till the first day of June, when in company with the balance of the 1st Brigade, under command of Col. J. I. Reniker, marched via Haynesville, Pleasant Hill and Warrington, a distance of 75 miles, and arrived at Providence Landing on the Alabama River on the 4th day of June, and embarked on board the steamer Osborn on the morning of the 8th of June, and arrived at Mobile June 9th, 1865, a distance, by water, of 210 miles; went into camp in the rear of the city on the south side of Government street, and were put upon patrol and guard duty about the city, and there remained till the 26th day of June, 1865, when in consequence of a tremendous rain on the evening previous, which overflowed the entire camp, covering it in many places knee deep to a horse, we removed to the north side of Government street on higher grounds. July 10th, in obedience to written instructions received from Major General E. R. S. Canby, the regiment commenced preparing muster-out-rolls. July 16th, the companies on duty in the city came out to the regimental camping grounds north of Government street, and had their last dress parade, conducted by Lt. Col. Craven, then in command of the regiment, and at the close of the parade, he delivered the following congratulatory address to the regiment:

Headquarters 89th Ind. Infantry Vol's, Mobile, Alabama, July 16, 1865.

Officers and Enlisted Men of 89th Ind. Infantry:

Permit me to congratulate you on the glad tidings recently received by us, ordering the regiment to prepare muster-out rolls, preparatory to going to Indianapolis, the Capital of our own loved Indiana, for the purpose of being finally discharged from the service of the United States. Soon we will be called upon to lay off the habiliments of the soldier and put on those of the citizen. Reared in the civil walks of life, as we all have been, the transition will be easy. natural, and, in most instances, a most welcome change of professions. It was no love of military glory, no disposition to imbrue our hands in human blood that called us from our former peaceful avocations in civil life and converted us into soldiers; it was the stern necessities of war, forced upon us by a most formidable rebellion, seriously threatening the life of the Government which we inherited from our fathers, purchased, as it was, by their sacred blood, after a most sanguinary war of seven years. By all the reverence we had for our fathers, we loved the country, and the whole country; we also loved it in consequence of its intrinsic value, for it was and is destined to remain, we trust, until time shall be no more, the asylum of the poor and oppressed of every nation and clime, and especially so of the down-trodden of the European monarchies. Nor has our Government ever been indifferent to the welfare of her native-born citizens; for here the humble poor, with reasonable industry, arise to places of honor and distinction, as was illustrated in the life of our late but now much lamented Chief Magistrate. Our Nation's history is full of instances of men of the first distinction having arisen from the humblest walks of life. Benjamin Franklin, in speaking of himself, says: "From the bosom of poverty and obscurity, in which I drew my first breath and spent my early life, I have risen to a state of opulence and some degree of celebrity in the world."

It is not strange that a country conferring so many blessings, and holding out such inducements to all its subjects, should find them ready to offer themselves as immolations upon her altar when her very existence is threatened; indeed, the only matter of surprise is, that any infatuation should ever have seized anything like a respectable portion of her people and caused them for a moment to have contemplated the destruction of a government fraught with such untold blessings as ours was, not only to our nation, but to all the

intelligent nations of the world.

Yet strange as it may appear, it is nevertheless true, as you all can bear witness, after having met her enemies on many a well contested battle field. And while you have left your honored dead at Munfordsville, Ky., Fort De Rusey, Pleasant Hill, Bayou La More, and Yellow Bayou, on Red River, La., at Tupello, Miss., at Nashville, Tenn., and at Blakely, Ala., you have the consolation of knowing that your labors have not been in vain. You have survived to see your country's strength and her national honor vindicated, the Union of the States established, and our national colors triumphantly floating from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the Lakes on the North to the Gulf on the South, proclaiming everywhere throughout this broad land, "Peace on earth; to men, of good will."

Our country, I trust, will no longer be torn by factious and designing demagogues, but will remain to future and unborn generations a happy and a united country, bestowing the blessings of liberty, like

the dews of heaven, on all alike. Who will hereafter regret his labors and his toils as a soldier in the service of his country? Certainly no man from the 89th Indiana; but it will be to him a source of consolation in the future, that he will with pleasure repeat to the young and rising generation, that he served his country in a regiment that never faltered on the field of battle, that never suffered themselves to be repulsed by any enemy, but always, on every field, held the disputed ground, though more than once called upon to defend it against greatly superior numbers.

But let no man, be his rank what it may, in the future forget that each and every man in the regiment has an interest in his welfare—that the future good conduct of the regiment in the civil walks of life is essential to the regiment's enduring good fame. Therefore our future good conduct in the civil walks of life is a matter of great interest to all. That in your retirement from military to civil life, your conduct will be that of good citizens, I have no doubt; you have learned by war to appreciate the advantages of law and order, and your happiness and prosperity depend upon a proper observance of them. In your retirement from the army, you will have the sympathy and best wishes of your friends, prompting you to be honorable men.

The maimed soldiers of this war, and the widows and orphans of its fallen heroes, are entitled to the sympathies of the civilized world, and will ever be remembered by a grateful nation, and will, no doubt, be the recipients of her munificent charities. Can the unfortunate expect less at the hands of their comrades in arms? Certainly not. Nor shall their expectations be disappointed. The heart of the patriot soldier will ever yearn over the misfortunes of his comrades in arms in the great cause of humanity and American nationality, and, spurning the example of the Priest and Levite, Good Samaritan-like, they will be found with the oil and wine, administering to the misfortunes of their fallen comrades, and pouring in consolation to the broken hearts of their mourning friends.

In your new relations as citizens, the prayers of every patriot in the land will be for your happiness and prosperity. The monumented earth containing your buried comrades will ever be monuments to your honor, and their spirits, from their abodes of peace, will ever watch over you. Prompted by such surroundings, I cannot believe that you will prove recreant to the trust about to be reposed in your hands—the duties of high minded and honorable American citizens.

Be assured that in your retirement to civil life, you take with you, one and all, the best wishes of him who addresses you for your future happiness and prosperity. To my subordinate officers generally, I shall ever be under obligations, for the alacrity with which they have obeyed every order in camp and in the field; for their unflinching bravery on many battle fields in which it was my honored privilege to command, and to none—trusting that I know my own heart—have I any malice. To the enlisted men, who have borne the burthen and heat of battle, and, with muskets in hand, scourged and driven the

enemy before us, we, as their officers, are all under lasting obligations; they have been our supports, our shields, and bulwarks of defence, without which, able commanding and self-sacrificing bravery would have availed us nothing.

To men who have so honorably borne themselves upon so many well contested battle-fields, the suffrage of the country may well be intrusted; the civil, religious and literary institutions of a nation are ever safe in the fostering care and protecting hands of such a people, and we, in our retirement from the field of strife, will quietly rest in security, believing that neither foes without, nor factions, civil wars, nor traitors within, can ever permanently disturb the institutions of our beloved country, but will rest full of hope that this country is destined to be perpetual, and through all time will be remembered in song as the

"Land of the free and home of the brave."

July 17th, 1865, Colonel C. D. Murray assumed command of the regiment, and, on the 19th, the regiment was mustered out of service by Assistant Commissary of Musters, Lieut. E. W. Burdick, Co. G, 6th Michigan Battery Light Artillery, and the regiment was allowed sixteen days to return to Indianapolis. July 20th, the regiment, on board the steamer A. G. Brown, a small and insignificant boat, set sail from Mobile, Ala., and passing through the Mississippi Sound and Lake Pontchertrain, arrived the next evening at New Orleans. Saturday, July 22d, the regiment, on board the steamer Argonaut, a stern-wheel boat, with fine accommodations and a pleasant master and crew, set sail from New Orleans for Jeffersonville, Indiana; arrived at Memphis on the night of July 27th; left next morning, and arrived at Cairo Sunday morning, July 30th, a little before day; left the same morning at 7 o'clock, and arrived at Jeffersonville, Indiana, August 1st, a distance from Mobile of about 1,600 miles, and from New Orleans of 1,410 miles, by water. Tuesday the regiment disembarked, and got on board the cars at Jeffersonville and Wednesday morning, at 3 o'clock, the regiment, under command of Col. Murray, arrived at Indianapolis, and went into Camp Carrington, and there remained till August 8th, when they received payment and their final discharges from the service of the United States, and again returned to their homes.

### The following Correspondence in relation to the Official Reports, will explain itself.

CAMP 89TH REGT. INDIANA INFTY. VOLS., Mobile, Alabama, June 23rd, 1865.

LT. COL. H. CRAVEN, Comd'g. 89th Ind. Infty.,

Colonel—Having carefully examined the "Historical Memoranda" written by you of the 89th Regt. of Indiana Vols., "from the time of marching from place of organization, reports of actions, scouts, marches, changes of station, place, distance, &c., &c.," we have the honor to report that the said "Memoranda" meets our most hearty approval, and we earnestly recommend its publication.

We have the honor, Colonel to be very respectfully, your obedt. servts.

J P. WINTERS, Major 89th Ind.
WM. H. MORRE, Capt Co. A.
ELIJAH WILLIAMS, Capt. Co. B.
FRANKLIN JONES, Capt. Co. C.
GARAH MARKLAND, Capt. Co. D.
F. W. WHITE, Capt. Co. E.
JOHN T. STEWART, Capt. Co. F.
LEWIS SIMS, Capt. Co. G.
R. D. PATTERSON, Capt. Co. H.
JOHN J. CHUBB, Capt. Co. I.
EDWIN S. METZGER, Capt. Co. K.

HEAD QUARTERS 89TH IND. INFTY. VOLS., Mobile, Alabama, July 6th, 1865.

Major Joseph P. Winters, Capt. E. S. Metzger, and other Officers,

Your report of the result of your labors in investigating the "Historical Memoranda" of the Regiment prepared by me, is before me, and I am gratified to know that after an examination, it proves to be satisfactory. And as you in your report earnestly recommend its publication, the manuscript which you examined is at your disposal, but I would suggest that the reports of the part taken by the 89th Ind. at the battles of Munfordsville, Ky., at Fort De Rusey, and at Pleasant Hill, La., do not yet accompany the Memoranda, for the reason that no report of those engagements is on file at these Head Quarters; a correct list of the casualties, however, accompanies the Memoranda.

I have the honor, however, gentlemen, to most respectfully submit the whole matter to you,
HERVEY CRAVEN, Lt. Col. Commanding Regiment.

HEAD QUARTERS 89TH IND. VOLS., Mobile, Ala. July 8th, 1865.

LT. COL. CRAVEN, Comd'g. 89th Ind. Vol. Infantry:

Colonel—Yours of July 6th, 1865, relative to the report of your examining committee on your Historical Memoranda, of the 89th Ind. Vols., has been received and contents noted. Inasmuch as Col. C. D. Murray has failed (after being called upon) to furnish the Official Reports of the action taken by the 89th Ind. Vols., in the battles of Munfordsville, Ky., Fort De Rusey, and Pleasant Hill, La., and as the 89th Ind Vols., took an active part and occupied conspicuous positions in each of the aforesaid battles, your Committee think it desirable to have appended or inserted in said Historical Memoranda, a report of the action taken in the above named battles, showing the position of said Regiment, and the disposition made of it in each case. Therefore, inasmuch as you were present and took an active part in each of said battles, your Committee respectfully suggest and earnestly recommend that you sketch a report of each of said engagements, and that the same be appended to said History of the 89th Ind. Vols. As this history is brief and reliable as to dates, names of persons and places, it will be useful for future reference. And your Committee demit incomplete without the additional reports referred to. Therefore, hoping that the suggestions herein contained, may meet with your favorable consideration,

We have the honor to be, Colonel, very respectfully yours,

J. P. WINTERS, Major 89th Ind. EDWIN S. METZGER, Capt. Co. K. ELIJAH WILLIAMS, Capt. Co. B. F. W. WHITE, Capt. Co. E. FRANKLIN JONES, Capt. Co. C. GARAH MARKLAND, (apt. Co. D. JOHN T. STEWART, Capt. Co. F.

### REPORTS.

### [A]

Headquarters 89th Ind. Inft. Vol., Mobile, Ala., July 14th, 1865.

Major Joseph P. Winters, Capt. Edwin S. Metzger, and other Officers:

In obedience to your request in your communication of the 8th inst., I most respectfully submit for your perusal, and correction of whatever errors, by mistake or otherwise, may be found, thefollowing account of the part taken by the 89th Indiana Inft. Vol. in the action at Munfordsville, Ky., and Fort De Rusey and Pleasant Hill, Louisiana.

On the morning of the 14th of September, 1862, the several companies of the 89th Indiana, except Co. G, under command of Capt. Bedford W. Gifford, which was on the picket line, and Co. A, under command of Capt. E. S. Stone, and Co. B, under command of Capt. Sam. Henry, which companies were ordered out as skirmishers; were ordered to the breastworks on the west side of the railroad, at Green River crossing, near Munfordsville, Ky. The troops in the fort were under the command of Col. John C. Wilder, 17th Indiana Infantry the 89th under the command of Col. C. D. Murray.

The camp had been aroused at four o'clock in the morning by firing on the picket line. Gradually the fire increased, and the report of arms indicated that the pickets were being driven in. Just before sunrise, Major Cubberly was ordered out to bring in company B, under command of Capt. Henry. The company arrived inside of the fort, passing in at the western sally port, just in time to take their position at the breast works at the time the enemy first charged the works. Capt. E. S. Stone and company were not so fortunate, whether the Captain was ordered in or not I do not know, but I am informed that he was, but that the order did not reach his entire company.

Suffice it to say, that his company did not arrive inside the works till after the attack had commenced, and the enemy were charging the works, and hence a part of them came in under a terrible fire, and in much disorder; a portion of the company remaining outside till after the storm of the first charge had passed over.

The attack was made by the command of Gen. Chalmers, the advance of Gen. Bragg's army, who assaulted the works repeatedly on the east and on the west, displaying a determination to carry them, but were repulsed with heavy loss as often as they repeated the attack. The fight continued till nine o'clock in the morning, when the enemy drew off their forces and under a flag of truce were permitted to carry off their wounded and bury their dead.

During the time they were engaged taking care of their wounded and burying their dead, the Union and rebel soldiers intermingled and conversed on the field with much freedom. Judging from the appearance of the field, stained with the blood of the fallen, or from the admissions of the enemy, they were severely punished, and quietly retired some six or eight miles without further effort at taking the works. Aside from the loss of company A, which was severe, as the list of casualities shows, the loss of the regiment was slight, and considering that the regiment had been organized only a little over two weeks, and had, during that time, done much fatigue duty and but little drilling, the officers and men generally behaved themselves nobly. The cool courage and good marksmanship considering the rawness of the troops, was not only satisfactory but highly gratifying. A list of the casualties accompanies this and is marked A.

The fort remained in quiet from the closing scenes of the 14th, till the morning of the 16th, at about eight o'clock, when the firing on the picket line indicated the renewal of the attack. It came on very shortly after and continued at intervals during the greater part of the day, but was principally confined to artillery firing and skirmishing. About four o'clock P. M. the enemy came in with a flag of truce and demanded the surrender of the fort, which was, at that time, refused by Col. Wilder, but acceded to the next morning about two o'clock, Col Wilder having satisfied himself after personal examination, that the enemy had invested the fort with a large force, and had forty pieces of artillery in position on the hills around and commanding the fort.

HERVEY CRAVEN, Lt. Col.

### [B]

On the evening of March, 14th, 1864, was fought the battle of Fort De Russey, on Red River. The night previous, the command of A. J. Smith left Simmesport and marched till late, camped for the night, and the next morning at an early hour were called up and marched again, arriving at Fort De Russey about one hour before sundown. Though much fatigued from the long march, the troops were rapidly formed in line of battle as they arrived in the vicinity of the Fort, and the First Brigade, under command of Col. William F.

Lynch, 58th Illinois, was finally, after moving in line of battle and by the flank, formed in line of battle, with the 58th Illinois on the right, the 89th Indiana, under command of Col. C. D. Murray, in the center, and the 119th Illinois on the left, on the west or north-west side of the Fort. A terrible artillery fire had been turned upon the First Brigade at its approach, but onward the troops moved steadily till they had the Fort completely invested, and when within a convenient range a spirited musketry fire from the fort saluted us. The First Brigade having reached within 75 or 100 yards of the Fort, were halted, when a brisk fire was kept up for some time, but in a short time, the necessary arrangements having been made, the troops were ordered to charge the works, which they did with a will, rushing forward with an enthusiastic shout, the 89th Indiana charging in the face of formidable works, with one piece of artillery frowning upon them, the works being surrounded with a deep ditch, varying in depth from four or five to ten or eleven feet. In many places the ditch was so deep that when once in it the men could not get out without help, or seeking a shallower place; but at other points active men could cross with considerable ease. The troops generally charged nobly, and many questions were raised as to what regiment was entitled to the honor of first planting their colors on the enemy's works. A list of the casualties is appended, and marked (B).

### [C]

April 9th was fought the important and well-contested battle of Pleasant Hill.

The command of Gen. A. J. Smith had marched on the 8th from Double Bridges, a distance of 15 miles, and owing to a late start in the morning, arrived at camp, in the vicinity of Pleasant Hill, after night, and went into camp and prepared supper, &c., at a late hour. At two o'clock the next morning the troops were called up, and very shortly afterward the whole camp was illuminated with the abundance of brilliant camp-fires springing up all over the camps. Scarcely had the camp become cheerful with lights from the burning of the dry pine and Cypress lumber, when an order was received to put out the lights. Then, when all was enveloped in darkness, followed the low conversations of groups of officers, in whispered tones, that the advance of our army under Gen. Banks had been defeated, repulsed and driven in confusion from the field at Sabine cross-roads, near Mansfield, in an engagement with the enamy the evening previous. But officers were charged to keep it from the men, lest a panic might seize the command. But it was in vain as to secresy; the straggling and broken ranks of the advance were now in a confused retreat, passing through our camp; cavalry and infantry were shortly after our first intelligence, straggling through our camp, and giving to every one who would lend a listening ear the sad intelligence of the defeat of our advance. And too frequently the troops thus straggling were without arms, knapsacks, haversacks, or anything of the

kind, seeming desirous only of making good their retreat. In their accounts of the battle, that had thus shattered and broken their columns, they seemed to vie with each other in their efforts to describe the terrible carnage and slaughter of the action. It is but justice to say that the news was brought by stragglers, who were probably the first to break the ranks during the fight, and hence in the fruitfulness of their imaginations, no doubt, had much exaggerated the character of the defeat. They were lost from their officers and from their commands, and in that manner they continued to come through the camps till long after daylight, each leaving the impression that their disaster had been terrible, and too frequently did they admonish the men in Gen. Smith's command that they had better get out of the way: that it was useless to think of withstanding such a force. It was thus the time of Smith's command was occupied till about 7 o'clock in the morning, when his command moved up to Pleasant Hill, and were generally put in position, changed and modified from time to time, till about 10 o'clock, A. M., when the First Brigade, under command of William F. Lynch, 58th Illinois, was put in position on the left of the highway leading westward through Pleasant Hill. The 58th and 119th Illinois were stationed in the woods to the left of the open field that lay along the highway joining the village; the 89th Indiana, under command of Col. C. D. Murray, was stationed in the open field, with the left wing extending well out towards the woods. in which stood two large brick buildings, or seminaries of learning. Between the left wing of the 89th and the woods was the 1st Vermont Battery; on the right of the regiment the 3d Indiana Battery. The 3d Brigade of the 3d Division, under command of Col. R. M. Moore, 117th Illinois, was immediately to the right of the 3d Indiana Battery, and the right wing of that brigade extended to the highway. Troops occupied the right of the road also, but the manner in which they were stationed is foreign to the objects of this report, as it aims at giving no account of other troops than the 89th Indiana, further than is necessary to a proper understanding of the situation of the regiment, and the part taken by it in the engagement.

The position I have given the 89th Indiana is that last occupied by it before going into the action. The regiment was under instructions not to move from their position nor fire a gun without orders. With the 1st Vermont Battery on our left, and the 3d Indiana Battery on our right, as above stated, and in the front line of battle, supported by two lines of battle in our rear, for long hours we rested, waiting the approach of the enemy. The day was clear, but rather cool for the season of the year in that climate. Quiet, with some anxiety of feeling, was the order of things in Smith's command on that day. But for the sound of arms in the distance as the enemy pressed the rear of the retreating columns, the day would have been exceedingly monotonous. The 19th Corps was gradually falling back, disputing

the ground with the rebel advance.

A part of the afternoon was exceedingly quiet, and at three o'clock the inquiry passed around among the troops, Have the rebs fallen back? Think they are going to make an attack to-day? But about four o'clock the skirmishing revived, and gradually increased; the sound of artillery began to greet the ear; but, so gradual was the rebel advance, that, for some time, the troops lay quietly in line of battle, gazing upon the explosion of shells between our lines and the setting sun, thrown from rebel guns shelling the woods occupied by our troops. The scenery was delightful, and we seemed forgetful, for a time, of all surroundings, as shell after shell was thrown high in the air, and, exploding, the smoke would be seen oradually expanding in the air for some seconds, then would follow the report of the explosion. But the beauty of that scene was of short duration, for soon again the woods in our front was made to ring with volleys of musketry, and a well directed artillery fire threat-

ened to thin our ranks at every round.

Private James Rader, of Co. D., was wounded at the time, while in line of battle, and an ambulance sent for, and he was taken to the rear. All was anxiety. But the order was imperative that the troops should not move nor fire a gun without orders. The first Vermont Battery had opened a brisk fire on a rebel battery, still we waited in suspense, the minie balls and the grape and canister passing frequently over the regiment as they lay in line of battle, when suddenly Gen. Mower on horseback, came dashing along in front of the left wing of the regiment. A scene of temporary confusion ensued, some commanded forward, some halt, confusion threatened for a moment to be inevitable, I was occupying a position on the right centre and to the rear of the right wing of the regiment, I inquired of the General if he wanted us to go forward; in the din of the battle I could not hear his answer, but from the motions of his head and sword, he was no longer to be misunderstood, forward was the order. I immediately gave the order forward, and the right moved forward in good order, a part of the left having previously started, the line was irregular. To our front at a distance of some four or five hundred yards, could be seen a confused line of troops rapidly falling back—it was the rear of the 19th corps—followed by a strong rebel force, pouring in a terrible musketry fire, accompanied with hoops and yells of triumph. A portion of our regiment opened fire, but seeing that our troops had not yet cleared our front, I ordered the firing to cease, halted the regiment, and in a very short time the line was dressed in fine order, discharged pieces were reloaded, and when our front was cleared of Union troops who bore out to our right, at the command fire, the regiment poured forth a splendid volley with telling effect upon the rebel line then advancing rapidly and in good order upon our lines, at a distance of about three hundred yards in cur front. The first volley checked their advance, a second one staggered them, and created some confusion in their ranks, when the regiment moved forward keeping up a splendid fire. As we advanced the enemy commenced falling back, and we rapidly charged them

till near a ravine in the open field, some five or six hundred yards or more in front of our first line of battle before advancing. The ravine was lined with bushes and briers, forming a dense undergrowth, behind which in many places a man could not be seen. I there heard in a loud and distinct tone of voice the command "halt." I thought it was the voice of Col. C. D. Murray, I repeated the command, the regiment halted, and were ordered to lie down, a majority of them did so, Col. Murray was not mounted and I did not see him at the time nor had I heard a command from him previous to that during the engagement, yet he might have given many without my hearing it, for the din of battle was great. The regiment was halted within about seventy-five yards or perhaps a less average distance of the ravine, the left wing being closer to the ravine than the right, the ravine being somewhat irregular and zigzag in its direction. We had scarcely halted, till a terrible fire from the ravine which formed a complete breast work for the rebels-being four or five feet deepbegan to be poured into our ranks with terrible effect. I cast my eye down the line, I did not see Col. C. D. Murray nor any other officer that out ranked me, it was no time for hesitancy. I rode to the centre of the regiment, supposing I might find him there, I enquired why are we lying here in the open field while the rebels are in ambush in that ravine? I received no answer and did not see Col. Murray, I remarked that it would not do, and immediately rode through the line and commanded forward, the regiment sprang instantly to their feet and with a yell rushed on the enemy in the ravine, killing and capturing the enemies line. The regiment halted at the ravine, gathered up and sent to the rear a number of prisoners. the number I cannot say exactly, but would suppose about one hundred and fifty. The prisoners being sent to the rear, I again ordered the regiment into line of battle and marched out with the regiment across the open ground between the ravine in the field, and the woods on the west side of the field; entered the woods and marched to the crest of a hill, a distance through the woods of about seventy-five or a hundred yards, there halted, and finding no enemy in front and not knowing that any of our troops were advancing on either flank of our regiment, I rode back to the field, I there found Col. Murray, who advised me to bring the regiment back to the open field, I rode out again to the regiment, about faced them and marched them back to the open field.

There Brig. Gen. Stone, Chief on Gen. Banks' Staff, paid the command a high compliment, and said that we had driven the enemy entirely from our front; "but," said he, "we must make good the advantages we have gained; the rebels are massing on our right, and I want you to move the regiment round to the right, and take a position there where you can support them if they need it." I moved the regiment in obedience to his instructions, and when in position the regiment was halted, which was about sundown. They were there ordered to lie down, and did so, remaining in that position, with minie balls constantly passing over them, but without injury to any

one. We were not further engaged during the day. The battle continued on the right with great fury till night spread her curtain of darkness over the belligerants and put a stop to the contest, when the enemy retired, leaving our army masters of the entire field. Shortly after dark our regiment, along with other troops of the First Brigade, were marched down a road to the southwest; a distance of about one mile from the closing scene of the battle, and rested on our arms. The men suffered much from the coldness of the night, being wet with sweat from the labors and excitement of the battle. The night was rendered more hideous by the groans of wounded and dying men still lying upon the battle-field unprovided for. At three o'clock in the morning we were ordered up, and commenced marching in retreat, leaving our seriously wounded in hospital in charge of surgeons, and our dead upon the field. Capt. B. W. Gifford, Co. G, with his company, had been sent out on picket, and by some bad management had not been relieved, and hence remained at his post till he learned the next morning, after sun-rise, that the command was falling back, when he followed, joining us about 3 o'clock, P. M. the same day. Officers and enlisted men generally behaved themselves well during the engagement, and Capt. Farlow S. Zeek fell, seriously wounded in both feet while in command of his company at the ravine.

A list of the casualties is furnished, marked (C).

All of which is respectfully submitted.

HERVEY CRAVEN, Lieut. Col.

HEADQUARTERS 89th Ind. Inf. Vols. CAMP CARRINGTON, Ind., Aug, 4, 1865.

LIEUT. COL. H. CRAVEN, 89th Ind. Inf. Vols.:

COLONEL:—Your report of the part taken by the 89th Indiana Infantry Vols. in the battles of Munfordsville, Ky., Fort De Russey and Pleasant Hill, La., have been read to a number of the commissioned officers in said regiment, and there being no objections to the contents of the same, your committee respectfully ask that said report be made a part of the historical memoranda prepared for publication.

I have the honor to be, Col.,
Your ob't servant,
J. P. WINTERS, Major 89th Ind.

HEADQUARTERS 89TH REGT. IND. INFT. Vol., Gov. Moore's Plantation, La., May 8th, 1864.

Lieut. George Sawin, A. A. A. Gen., 1st Brig. 3d Div., 16th A. C.:

LIEUT. :- I have the honor of reporting to you, that the 89th Regt. Ind. Vol. Infantry, yesterday, the 7th inst., at the time under my command, and comprising a part of the 1st Brig., 3d Div., 16th A. C., commanded by Col. William F. Lynch, 58th Illinois Infantry, under the command of Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Mower, both of whom were personally present, engaged the enemy on Bayou La Moore, about 15 miles from Alexandria, La., and, after a sharp engagement of about ten minutes, charged and repulsed them. After the engagement was over, Co. H, under the command of Capt. A. J. Hill, was thrown out as skirmishers, when the company, under their commander, pursued the enemy and drove them in confusion, distant about a half mile. The conduct of the Captain and his men, was highly commendable on the occasion. Capt. E. S. Stone, Co. A., also deserves much credit for the manner in which he rallied his men under a galling fire of musketry while they were being formed in line of battle; indeed, the whole command, including officers and men, behaved themselves gallantly. The list of casualties will be found accompanying this report, and is marked (E).

It is but justice to 2d Lieut. H. H. Winslow, Act. Adjt., to say that he remained on the field all day, faithfully dircharging his duty in the thickest of the fight, though in quite ill health during the

whole day.

Loss in action in killed, wounded and missing is 15, Albert Shafer, Co. H., having been captured after he was wounded on the skirmish line.

All of which is most respectfully submitted,

HERVEY CRAVEN, Lieut. Col. Comdg. Regt.

HEADQUARTERS 89TH REGT. IND. INFT. Vol., Yellow Bayou, La., May 18th, 1864.

Lieut. George Sawin, A. A. A. G.: 1st Brig. 3d Div., 16th A. C.

LIEUT. :- I would respectfully report to you, that on the 16th, on our march down from Alexandria, our regiment, in common with others of the brigade, was ordered forward in line of battle by Col. Lynch, and was formed in the center, with the 119th Illinois on the right and 58th Illinois on the left, and in that manner marched for some one or two miles in line of battle across the prairie south of Marksville, in the face of an artillery fire from the rebel batteries. Company I, under command of Lieut. John J. Chubb, was thrown out as skirmishers, and in a manner highly creditable to Lieut. Chubb and his company, advanced in the face of the artillery and musketry fire of the enemy, driving the rebel skirmishers from their secreted places, behind houses and fences in the prairie, far into the woods. The withdrawal of the enemy about the time the engagement was becoming general, put a sudden end to what had the appearance of becoming a vrey sanguinary battle. The casualties of the 89th was but one man wounded on the skirmish line. See list (F).

All of which is respectfully submitted, HERVEY CRAVEN. Lieut. Col. Comdg. Regt

> HEADQUARTERS 89TH IND. INFT. Vol., Yellow Bayou, May 19th, 1864.

Lieut. George Sawin, A. A. A. Gen.: 1st Brig., 3d Div., 16th A. C.

LIEUT.:-I hereby submit a report of the part taken by the 89th Indiana Inft. Vol. in the action of yesterday, on Smith's plantation,

on Bayou De Glaise, La.

In the morning about 11 o'clock, the regiment moved out, crossing Yellow Bayou on the pontoons, and, moving by the flank, marched up Bayou De Glaise, with the brigade temporarily under the command of Col. Thos. J. Kinney, 119th Illinois, moving the the distance of a mile or more on a double-quick. In company with other regiments of the brigade, we then halted a few minutes, when the frequent shells from the enemy's guns suddenly apprised us that they had range of our position, when the regiment was immediately ordered into line of battle, in which manner the brigade advanced nearly a mile, and took position in line of battle, the 58th Illinois on the right, the 89th Indiana in the center, and the 119th Illinois on the left, the 89th Indiana supporting the 9th Indiana Battery, under command of Capt. Brown, with the right wing on the right, and the left wing on the left, of the battery. In that position the regiment lay in line of battle for some time, while a terrible artillery fire from the enemy's batteries was brought to bear on the 9th Indiana Battery, ploughing up the ground about the battery, and throwing the limbs, cut by cannon balls, from the large oaks around, in thick confusion upon the ground; when, under the personal order of Gen. Mower, I had the regiment fix bayonets, the minie balls beginning to come thick and fast among our ranks. Co. H, under command of

Capt. Hill, had been sent out as skirmishers, and had done much to hold in check the advance of the enemy. It was at this time that Gen. Mower ordered us forward, when the regiment suddenly sprang to their feet, and, at full speed, with fixed bayonets, charged and drove the enemy far back, inflicting severe punishment upon them; but, not without serious loss to ourselves, for it was in this first charge of the enemy that Capt. Bedford W. Gifford, Co. G, gallantly leading his men in the charge, fell from the effects of a minie ball passing through his breast, and instantly expired. Lieut. J. P. Brown, Co. G, who had accompanied Capt. Hill on the skirmish line, was also wounded in this charge.

In obedience to orders, the regiment fell back to the former position in line of battle, Co. I covering the rear as skirmishers, thus protecting the soldiers engaged in gathering up the dead and

wounded.

Having fallen back and left the woods, and taken position in the open field, under direction of Gen. Mower and staff, I learned that Col. William F. Lynch, 58th Illinois, but brigade commander, had arrived on the field just as the engagement became general, and almost immediately afterwards was seriously wounded, and carried from the field.

Col. Thomas J. Kinney, reported to me in person and informed me that his horse had been shot under him, and in falling had so injured his leg that he would be unable to command longer, and therefore would turn the command over to me. At this time I assumed command of the Brigade, turning over the command of the 89th Ind. to Major Sam. Henry. The brigade was re-formed in line of battle in the open field, with bayonets fixed, with a thick cluster of underbrush in front, obscuring our view, where for a time we rested, the day being excessively hot. Company D, 89th Ind., under command of Capt. John E. Williams, being thrown out as skirmishers. In the meantime the artillery fire was becoming incessant, the old oaks among which we were formed, taking fire from the explosion of shells, and their limbs tumbling in wild confusion presented a scene at once grand, magnificent and terrible beyond description. It was in that position and with those surroundings, that the brigade lay in line of battle, and gradually had its ranks recruited by men returning who had borne away the dead or wounded, when the sudden advance of the enemy actively engaged the skirmishers, when in obedience to orders the brigade moved forward, passing through the underbrush by such paths as could be found, and on arriving at the other side found the enemy in force, where the two lines frequently intermixed and fought desperately; in many instances, hand to hand fighting ensued, bayonets and pistols being freely used. Each regiment seemed to vie with the other; the 119th, under the command of Lt. Col. Taylor, the 89th. Ind, under Major Sam. Henry, and the 58th. Ill., under the command of Capt. Heley, each being gallantly led by their respective commanders, fought against greatly superior numbers, and, after a desperate struggle, took the rebel's position from them

and drove them from the field again with great slaughter, capturing many prisoners, but not until they had stubbornly and desper-

ately contested the ground.

While the whole command conducted themselves with great gallantry, justice would seem to require that I should especially mention the conduct of a few. Color Sergeant, Henry Myers, company H. callantly carried the national colors in the advance, and with pistol in hand fought his way till he fell wounded, when Lieut. Wright company E, gathering the colors, bore them through the engagement. Lieut. Franklin Jones, Co. C, encountered some two or three rebels concealed behind a tree, and come out victorious, but wounded in the foot. Lieut. W. H. Wallace, 117th. Ill., of Col. Lynch's Staff, was every where present with me while I commanded the brigade, and by his gallantry and coolness rendered me very material aid in my. newly assumed duties. A complete list of the casualties in the 89th. Ind. is appended marked (G).

All of which is most respectfully submitted.

HERVEY CRAVEN, Lieut. Col. Comdg. Regt.

HEAD QUARTERS 89TH IND. INFANTRY VOLS, Memphis, Tennessee, July 24th, 1864.

Lieut. Sam. D. Sawyer, A. A. A. Genl. 1st. Brig. 3rd. Div. Right Wing 16th. A. C.

LIEUT.:—I have the honor of reporting to you the part taken by the 89th Ind. Inft. Vols, in the recent trip to Tupelo, Miss, under command of Major General A. J. Smith. Leaving Memphis June 23d, the regiment moved to the Charleston Depot, and there took the train for La Grange, and arriving there safely with the exception 1st Sergt. William Hunt of Co. G, and Corporal William M. Gifford of the same company, who did not come on the same train with the regiment, but followed on the next train on the same day, the train was fired into and said first Sergeant William A. Hunt and Corporal William M. Gifford were both shot, William A. Hunt dying shortly after of his wounds and William M. Gifford being seriously wounded.

After that nothing of especial interest transpired till our arrival at or near Tupelo on the evening of July 13th, when in obedience to orders we camped in line of battle; and company A, under command of Lieut. Marcus C. Cory was sent out on picket, and next morning deployed as skirmishers, and remained out skirmishing with the enemy till ordered in. July 14th we marched back near Harrisburg and formed line of battle with the 22d Ill. on our right; the battalion of the 58th Ill, under command of Capt. Helen, on our immediate left; the 21st Mo. to their left, and the 119th Ill. on the extreme left of the brigade; our regiment supporting the 3d Ind. Battery, under

command of Lieut Burnes. In that position in line of battle, we lay protected by the rising ground in our front, but closely rubbed by every well directed shot at the battery, as we lay in line of battle immediately in rear of the battery, covering the whole space without interval. About 7 o'clock A. M. we were ordered forward by the staff officers of the brigade, under Col. C. D. Murray, when the regiment immediately sprang to their feet and charged up the hill or rising ground in their front, when arriving at the crest they were suddenly exposed to a heavy artillery and musketry fire, but pressing forward and pouring in a well directed fire upon the enemy in our front in the open fields, passing down the ravine in our front my horse was shot in the bowels and disabled, when I dismounted and sent him to the rear where he died in a few minutes. An active artillery fire was now going on over our head from our own and the enemies guns; to advance was to expose our lines to our own and the enemies batteries, the 119th Ill, 21st Mo, 58th Ill, and 89th Ind, the only regiments of the brigade that advanced to the ravine, halted, the 122d being actively engaged on our right. In that position we remained for a time when the artillery fire somewhat abated, and I sent out company H, under command of A. J. Hill as skirmishers, to examine the woods in our immediate front and ascertain if the enemy were there, sending the Lieut of the battery word that I was sending out a line of skirmishers that he might avoid firing on them.

The skirmishers finding but few of the enemy in our front drove them till all was perfectly quiet, when in the absence of orders to go forward or fall back, after consultation among the regimental commanders and seeing no advance on our right or left, by agreement we fell back to our original position, and there remained till the next morning about 9 o'clock, when in our proper place in the brigade we marched in obedience to orders. During the night when the attack was made upon the extreme left, I ordered the regiment into line of battle, but receiving no orders, we remained there. Company I, under command of Lieut John Blood, relieved Co. H, on the skirmish line. Nothing transpired in the action that would seem to entitle any one in the regiment to especial notice in preferance to that of any other, but officers and men alike behaved themselves with becoming gallantry. A complete list of the casualties of the engagement and trip marked (H,) accompanies this report.

All of which is most respectfully submitted,
HERVEY CRAVEN,
Lieut. Col. Comdg. Regt.

HEADQUARTERS 89TH IND. INFT. Vol., St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 21st, 1864.

Lieut. Samuel D. Sawyer, A. A. A. G .:

LIEUT.:—During our long march from the time we left Jefferson Barracks, Oct. 2d, till our return here, nothing of especial interest transpired in the regiment, except the capture and murder by guerrillas of three officers at Greenton. They having stopped to take dinner at a house, fell behind the column a short distance, and were captured, and murdered almost immediately after their capture, as I am informed on authority that I deem wholly reliable. A list of the officers, with name and rank, accompanies this report, marked (I).

All of which is most respectfully submitted,

HERVEY CRAVEN,

Lieut. Col. Com'd'g Reg't.

HEADQUARTERS 89TH REG. IND. INF. Vol., In the Field, near Spring Hill, Tenn., Dec. 20th, 1864.

Lieut. Samuel D. Sawyer, A. A. A. G., 1st Brig., 2d Div., Detachment Army of Tennessee:

LIEUT.:—I respectfully submit the following report of the part taken by the 89th Reg't Ind. Vol. Inft. in the battle of Nashville, Thursday and Friday, the 15th and 16th days of December inst. On Thursday morning, the regiment, in obedience to orders from brigade headquarters, moved outside of the works around the city, and was placed in the front line of the brigade, with the 119th Illinois on our right, and the 122d Illinois on our left, and occupied that position during the day, conforming the movements of the regiment to the movements of the brigade, and being frequently under heavy artillery fire during the day, but without casualty to any one of the command.

On Friday, the 16th, the regiment occupied the same position in the brigade as on the previous day. Co. D, under command of Capt. G. Markland, was thrown out as skirmishers in front of the regiment. The regiment acted and moved with the brigade, and was under occasional artillery fire during the day, but without participating in any way, only to move forward upon the enemy when ordered, till about three o'clock P. M., when a general attack was made upon the enemy's lines. The 99th still occupying their former position in the center and front line of the brigade, in common with the balance of the brigade, charged the enemy in their intrenchments, at a distance of about one thousand yards in front of our lines, in obedience to orders from our brigade commander, under a heavy artillery and musketry fire. Discovering, at a distance of about five hundred yards, a

ravine that would afford some protection to the men, I urged them forward to that point, there halted, and ordered the men to unsling knapsacks. The regiment being relieved of their knapsacks and other incumbrances, the line of battle was re-formed hastily, and we resumed the charge, which now lay through a cornfield thickly covered with stocks and weeds, and the ground exceedingly muddy, which so obstructed the advance that many of the men became so exhausted that they failed to reach the enemy's breastworks till others more active had occupied them, and captured the artillery and a number of prisoners. The breastworks were composed of a stone fence with an embankment of earth thrown up against it to strengthen and protect the wall, and an inner line of works immediately in front of their artillery, with embrasures to fire through, which inner line was constructed of wood and earth, and was situated about fifty yards in rear of their front line of works. Having placed a guard over the battery of four guns that had been playing upon us as we advanced, I again ordered the regiment forward in pursuit of the enemy, who were now flying in different directions in great confusion through a strip of woods in our front. Pursuing a short distance, I discovered in the open field beyond the strip of woods in our front, and to the left, at a distance of about a thousand yards from the first guns we captured, two brass pieces on an elevated piece of ground. To advance in our original line of march would expose the flank to a fire from those pieces, and our left at that time being wholly sunprotected by any troops, I determined to advance at once upon those pieces, and consequently ordered the regiment to move directly upon them. I discovered at the time a considerable number of the enemy, that I would estimate at about one hundred, actively engaged about the guns, whom a well directed fire from the regiment soon dispersed, except some two or three that remained and were captured, one also being left dead on the ground. One limber remained with the two guns, and some two or three horses; the balance having been cut loose, were taken away. The men were by this time much exhausted. but were rallied and put in line as well as their strength and the circumstances would admit of, and discovering the enemy's train passing around the foot of the hill, Major J. P. Winters, in command of a detachment of the regiment, moved out to the road the train was passing, to intercept it, and in connection with the 119th Illinois, succeeded in cutting it off and preventing its further passage; the greater portion of the regiment remaining in line of battle at and immediately in advance of the guns last captured. Having been separated from the brigade by the oblique movement to the left; in obedience to orders I moved the regiment to the right, and joined the balance of the brigade, leaving the guns and limber under guard. It was now about sundown; the enemy had fled, and we were shortly after camped in line of battle with the brigade.

The regiment captured six pieces of artillery and one limber, and about one hundred prisoners, sixty-seven of whom were guarded to the rear in charge of Sergeant George Teeple, Co. K, and delivered

over in charge of Capt. Whittaker, 117th Illinois, at a long building in front of our line of battle occupied before the general attack upon the enemy. Twelve more were guarded to the city and turned over to the Provost Marshal by Corporal George Arbough, Co. E, and in addition to this, some others, in small squads, were delivered, without any account being kept of the persons to whom they were delivered, while other prisoners, when captured, were simply sent to the rear.

And here I will remark, that Private William Culley, Co. H, through his commanding officer reported to me on the field that day that he had captured a rebel Major General—Johnson—and had guarded him to the rear, and delivered him into the charge of some guards whose names he does not know He is corroborated in his statements by another soldier in the regiment. Of the facts concerning the capture of the General I know nothing except by information through others.

A list of the casualties is appended, and marked (K).

First Lieut. H. Willits was wounded while commanding his company, and gallantly leading his men on the enemy's works. Of the men generally, and with but few exceptions, I feel it due to them to say that they behaved themselves well, and nobly did their duty, facing the enemy's breastworks, artillery and musketry, yet with a determined purpose pressed forward. The conduct of the line officers, without exception was praiseworthy, for they not only went forward themselves, but with zeal and energy urged forward their respective commands. The gallant conduct of Corporal Isaac Smithson, Co. C, and Corporal William M. Burge, Co. K, bearing the colors constantly in the advance, and with unfaltering steps pressing forward, did much to inspire the men with confidence and patriotic zeal.

To Major Joseph P. Winters, Adjutant Thomas Adelsperger, and Sergeant-Major John W. Jackson, I am under many obligations for the aid they rendered me by their energy and coolness constantly displayed throughout the day.

All of which is most respectfully submitted, HERVEY CRAVEN, Lieut. Col. comd'g Reg't.

HEADQUARTERS 89TH REG'T IND. INF'TY VOLS., BLAKELY, April 10th, 1865.

Lieut. Samuel D. Sawyer, A. A. A. G., 1st Brig. 2d Div. 16th A. C.

LIEUT.:—I have the honor to submit to you the following report of the part taken by the 89th Ind. Inft'y. Vols. in the siege around Blakely, Ala., and the final capture of the place on the evening of April 9th, 1865. April 3d, the regiment in obedience to orders, broke camp in the rear of Spanish Fort, and moved out upon Blakely, camping in the rear of the town, and furnished one hundred and ten men

and three officers for the skirmish line, and continued a detail of about that strength from day to day during the siege; the brigade of which the 89th regiment formed a part, occupying a position on the right of the Division till the evening of the 5th, when the skirmish line of the brigade was moved to the left of the Division and in front of the right of the rebel works; the camp of the brigade being moved the following day to the left of the Division. On the morning of the 9th, I received orders to have the regiment in readiness to move at a moments warning, and at half past 4 P. M. we were ordered out. arriving at the reserve of the skirmish line at about five o'clock. The 89th Ind. took position on the right of the Brigade, with orders to cross a small branch of water, take position at the skirmish line, at the brow of the hill, and there remain in readiness to support Col. Thos. J. Kinney's regiment, 119th Illinois Infantry, which was thrown out as skirmishers. The 89th were taking position in the entrenchments formerly prepared by the skirmish line, when an incessant fire of artillery from our own and the enemy's batteries, and our skirmishers becoming suddenly engaged in our front, all became inspired with enthusiasm, and in obedience to orders, moved forward yelling, and charging the enemy's works and entering them; the particulars of which I am unable to give, for owing to the immense amount of fallen timber with which the ground was covered, it was impossible to ride—and my want of physical strength, the result of sickness and general debility for the last three weeks, rendered me unable to follow my command closely in their rapid charge. But moving forward as rapidly as I could, I found the regiment inside the works, under command of Major Joseph P. Winters, stationed near the town of Blakely, waiting orders. Having notified Major Winters that I would be unable to follow the regiment in a rapid charge I requested him to take command at any time when I should fall behind. He did so, and I am satisfied, from what I saw and learned, that he did his whole duty nobly and bravely; the same I believe to be true of every officer in the regiment. A complete list of the casualties in the regiment during the siege is herewith furnished, and marked (L).

All of which is respectfully submitted, HERVEY CRAVEN, Lieut. Col. comd'g Reg't.

### [A]

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Vol., at Munfordville, Ky., Sept. 14th and 16th, 1862.

				W	ound	ed.				
NAMES.	Rank.	Company.	Killed.	Mortally.	Severely.	Slightly.	Missing.			REMARKS.
Joseph Harter	Sergt.	A		1				Sent.	14.	wounded in the bowels.
Daniel Root		66		1				6.	,	through thigh.
James Stoker	- 66	86		î				66		in breast.
Milton H. Starbuck	66	66	***	1				46		in the knee.
James Burr	Corp.	66			1			66		in the face.
A. P. Beck		66			1			66		in thigh.
Foldsmith Cloud	6.6	66			1			6.6		in left arm.
David A. Moore	66	66				1		4.6		in the side.
Adam Stair	6.6	66				1		6.6		
Jabez Votaw	- 66	66				1		6.6		in left leg.
Jacob Werley	6.6	66				1		6.6		in left arm.
Henry C. Ewalt	66	66					1	6.6		deserted and went to the enemy,
William J. Mullen	Corp.	В			1			Sent.	16.	across back and shoulders.
David Hoover		Cl	1					Sept.		
Jonathan Cloud					1			66		in right leg.
Hugh Heathcoat		F	1					4,4		
Henry W. Foreman	66	F		1				44		in right shoulder.
Jacob Hendrixon	66	G			1			66		in the right foot.
Total			2	5	6	4	1			

### [B]

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Regiment Indiana Volunteer Infantry, on the Miridian Expedition, under Maj. Gen. W. T. Sherman, leaving Vicksburg Feb. 2, 1864, and returning to same place March 4, 1864.

NAMES.	Rank,	Company.	Killed,	Mortally.	Severely.	Slightly.	Missing.	BEMARKS.
James W. Plonghe		D H H K	1		1		1 1 3	Captured February 22, 1864. Captured February 22, 1864. Wounded and captured February 22, 1864. In skirmish February 22, 1864. In skirmish and captured, February 22, 1864.

### [C]

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Inft. Vol., at Fort De Russey, La., March 14, 1864.

Jacob Cook. " I 1 Bayonet through right side.  Joseph Shady 1 Bayonet through right side.
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### [D]

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Inft. Vol., at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.

				Wo	und	ed.		
NAMES.	Rank.	Company.	Killed.	Mortally.	Severely.	Slightly.	Missing.	REMARKS.
Jacob S. Bair Charles W. Dick. William Metz Steward Dick Timothy Scully George Stephenson John Treida Henry Winsler. Newel B. Shaul James M. Price  John E. Delawter Farlow S. Zeek Edward Hineline William Newby Daniel Zeek George Filler. Thomas Bayless Snowden B. Barton Isaac E. Benbow Elisha Elliott John Jones William A. Jones William A. Jones William A. Jones William A. Jones William Jack George Mittank George W. Modlin. David C. Barnett Erastus Ross James Rader Levi L. Spinger	Privt.  "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "	A	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Left thigh. Shot in abdomen, left in H. P. H., La. Left wrist. Left foot. Right eye. Left thigh.  In the left hand. In left side, left in hands of enemy. In left leg, left in hands of enemy. In left side of the face. In the privates.
Fred. W. White	Corp Privi	. 6	٠.	1				Shot through the big left toe. Shot through the left breast.

### D-Continued.

				W	ound	ed.		
NAMES.	Rank.	Company.	Killed.	Mortally.	Severely.	Slightly.	Missing.	REMARKS.
Absolem Bergman. Stephen Barr. Edmund Irwin. William Hughes. Zachariah Scott  Miles Lemaster. John Rogers. James M. Webb Calvin McCoy Aaron Archer Joshua R. Parish Randolph Barnett John Baker Robert A. Drummond. John S. McLain P. H. Day. Godfrey Apple Matthias Miller R. W. Johnson	Sergt. Privt. Sergt.  Privt.  Corp. Privt.  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''  ''	F		1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		In left knee. In right leg. In the left forearm and breast. In thigh. In leg, amputated. In left shoulder.
William Gorsline  Total casualties	64	66	7	6	18	$\frac{1}{23}$		

Stephen J. Jackson, Corp. Company B; shot in hand in skirmish on board the Adriatic, between Grand Ecore and Shreveport, April 12, 1864.

### [E]

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Inft. Vol., at Bayou LaMore, May 7, 1864.

		_					_	
NAMES.	Rank.	Company.	Killed.	Mortally.	Severely.	Slightly.	Missing.	REMARKS.
Jacob Miller Perry McGriff Thomas L. Gross. William Rogers Ichabod Smith Samuel E. Haynes. James C. Havens George W Meek. William H. Bishop Matthew Young Singleton Younkin John M. Smith Albert Shafer Zachariah Archer John J. Mallonee Total casualties	Sergt. Privt	B C G H	1  1 1	1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1		Flesh wound in left thigh. Flesh wound through left thigh. Assigned from 52d Ind. to 89th. In left arm. Shot through right breast. Died May 10th. In left leg. Shot through the head. In left forearm. In left forearm. Shot in the bowels. Shot in the bowels. Shot in left knee, and captured by the enemy. Wounded in left arm. Wounded in head.

### [F]

Henry Barnett, private, wounded slightly. Shot in foot on skirmish line, May 16, 1864, in prairie, near Marksville, La.

### [G]

Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Inf. Vol., at Yellow Bayou, May 18, 1864.

				Wo	und	ed.		
		. N		ly.	у.	· A	50	REMARKS.
NAMES.	.e	par	ed.	tal	rel	htl	sing	
	Rank.	Company	Killed.	Mortally	Severely	Slightly	Missing	
7.3. D		-			1			Shot through the left breast.
John BaryMatthew Allen	Privt.	66			1			Flesh wound in right thigh.
Ephraim G. Hull		66				1		Flesh wound in the head. Shot through both legs, near the knees.
Tillman H. Kellam	66			1			1	Shot through left thigh.
Christian Snyder		44						Shot in great too with musket ball.
Preston L. Brown	Corn	66						Struck on left arm with fragment of such,
Davis Jones William H. Snell, sr	Privt	66				1		Stands on side with tracment of such.
Dobout Roilor	**	66				1		Struck under arm with fragment of shelf.
Franklin Jones	1st Lt	C			1			Bayonet in left foot.
Ovrus W. Harvey	seigt.	66			1	*****	***	Shot through the left leg.
William D. Lay	Privt.							Shot in left thigh.
Henry Nelson	**	44	***	1	*****			Shot in left leg.
George W. Swisher				r			1	Left knee.
R. P. Lamasters	44							Left hip.
James Rader Levi L. Springer	66					1		In the left heel.
David Waggaman		6.6	***	*****	1			In the left leg.
Thomas Houston	Sergt.		***					In left leg -assigned to 89th from 52d Ind,
William Sigler	T TTA P.	E	1		*****			Shot through the heart.
John C. Athy								Shot through the head. Leg and arm fractured by a shell.
William S. Kelley	1	66			1	*****		Shot through the bowels.
Joseph Gray	1	66	***	1		1		By a ball in the abdomen.
Lewis H. Houser	1							20 4 444
Joseph Willey Henry T. Jennings	66	F	1					dec
Labon Vernon		66			1			In left leg.
Richard Shephard	. 66	60			1			In left leg, amputated.
Nathan M. Elmore	. 66			. 1				Shot through the body. In groin—assigned to 89th from 52d Ind. Inft,
Benj. F. Huddelston		1						Right hip.
Peter W. Waggoner	•	6						In right side.
John Jennings	1							
Bedford W. Gifford J. P. Brown	let Li							Shot through ankle, of which he died,
William A. Hunt	Sergt							Wounded in the neck.
William M. Gifford	Corp.		٤					Wounded in shoulder,
William H. Miller	Privt	. 6	٩		. 1	****		
D A Wotte	Corp.	.   *	6		. 1	****		
Philip Kistler	. Sergt	·H						1 1 6 1
Honry Myers					. 1	****		
Jonathan M. Pyle	Prive							
Henry M. Hedington Robert Boyd		1	١		. 1			. Shot through knee.
Henry H. Heart	2d Lt	. E			. 1			. Afterwards died of his wound,
David W. Lewis	. Privt			. 1	****			
John D. Judy		1.					1 1	
Isaac Burdoin	- 66	11.						
Jacob Huffman		- 1						Left forefinger
James Fravel				. i				In right thigh—assigned to 89th from 52d Ind.
Walter Trester	•							Neck and shoulder—ass'd to 89th from 52d ind.
Isa Roy	66			1		*-		Assigned to 89th from 52d Ind.
Thomas McCuen				1				
			-		- 01	-		-
Total casualties		1	1	8 6	21	.   18	3	•

### [H]

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Inft, Vol., at Tupelo, Mississippi, July 14th, 1864, and on the trip.

NAMES.	Bank.	Company.	Killed.	Mortally. A	Severely.	Slightly.	Missing.	REMARKS.
Ephraim G. Hull. William B. Beach Leones Helvie Jesse Sanders. Alexander F. Martin William A. Hunt. William M. Gifford. Ephraim Mosure. John Barnett James McCune John Hurst Jacob Myer Thomas Adelspeger Total casualties	Corp. Sergt. Corp. Privt.	B G H I K	1	1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Flesh wound in neck. Flesh wound in arm.

### [I]

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Regiment, Ind. Inft. Vol., in the trip through Missouri, October and November, 1864.

NAMES.	Bank.	Killed.	Missing.	REMĄRKS.
Samuel Henry	Major.	1	1	Captured and murdered by guerillas, Nov. 1st, 1864, at Greenton, 10 miles South of Lexington, Mo.
John P. Porter	1st Asst. Surg.	1	1	Captured and murdered by guerillas, Nov. 1st, 1864, at Greenton, 10 miles South of Lexington, Mo.
Harles Ashley	1st Lieut. Q. M.	1	1	Captured and murdered by guerillas, Nov. 1st, 1864,
Total casualties		3	3	at Greenton, 10 miles South of Lexington.

### [K]

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Inft. Vol., at the battle of Nashville, Tenn., December 15 and 16, 1864.

NAMES.	Rank.	-	Killed.	Severely.		Missing	REMARKS	•	
Thomas B. Jackson Fountain B. Wylie. Andrew Crosley. John Crousore. Lew s W. Conner. Mahlon Morrical. Fontain Delph. Hugh H. Willits. Abraham M. Taylor. John W. Wilburn. John D. Stack. John A. Hunt. John A. Sackett. Henry M. Headington. Perry Elzey. Samuel Garver. Hugh Bay.  Total casualties	lstLt. Corp. Privt.	E F G H K	1 1 1 1 2 1		1		shot through right breast, I Forefinger right hand shot of Struck on right shoulder, Dec Shot in left shoulder, Left forearm, severe, Shot through right hand Shot through left hand, Right leg, died in hospital, Left hand, In head, In head, In head, Wounded in leg, Wounded in foot, since died, Wounded in the head, Flesh wound in thigh, Shot through the left groin, Died on the field,	F	,

 ${\bf Jabez~Votaw,~private,~company~A,~severely~wounded~through~right~shoulder,~by~guerrilas,~on~board~the~steamer~Huntsman,~January~5,~1865.}$ 

### [L]

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 89th Ind. Inft. Vol., at the siege of Blakely, in front of Mobile, Ala., April, 1865.

NAMES.	Rank	Company.	Killed.	lly.	Severely.		Missing.	REMARKS.
John Coppeek John Shaddey Francis M. Warnick Timothy Nidey George W. Martin Joseph M. Freed	Sergt. Privt.  Sergt. Privt.	D E G G	1	1	1	1		Left thigh, April 5th, 1865. In the head, April 9th, died April 21. In left thigh, April 9th, 1864. Shot through stomach, April 5th, 1865. Shot through right thigh, April 9th, 1865. On the colar bone. Wounded April 9th, in right leg, amputated. Wounded April 9th, in both legs, since died. Wounded on skirmish line, April 5, and captured April 9th, during charge.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing contains a full and complete list of the casualties in the 89th Indiana Volunteers, in the several engagements with the enemy, and by guerrillas, during the entire term of service.

HERVEY CRAVEN,
Lieutenant Colonel Commanding Regiment.

NAME.	RANK.	REMARKS.
	Colonel Lt. Colonel Major	Promoted from Captain of Company B, to Lieut. Colonel, Aug. 28, 1862.
		Promoted from 1st Lieut. to Capt. Co. B, Aug. 26, 1862. Promoted from Capt. Co. B to Major, July 31, 1863. Killed by guerrillas Nov 1 1864.
Byron H. DentAdjutant Thomas Adelsperger Adjutant	Major Adjutant	Promoted from Capt. Co. E. to be Major. Dec. 8, 0864. Resigned July 6, 1864. Received official notices of his discharge July 26, 1864. Promoted from Private Co. H. to be Seart Major. A. and J. C. 1864.
Barnabas Collins R. Q. MHarles Ashley R. Q. MJacob M. Crabbs		Adjutant, Sept. 14, 1864. Resigned October 29, 1862. Killed by guerrillas near Lexington, Mo., Nov. 1, 1864.
John F. Henderson	-	Promoted from Private Co. K, to Commissary Sergeant Aug. 28, 1862. Promoted from Com. Sergt. Dismissed the commission of N. Dec. 8, 1864.
	Surgeon	
		Resigned August 13, 1864. Promoted from Private Co. G, to be Hospital Steward Ang 98, 1862
Enos W. Errick David Hodson	1 1	
	Sergt. Major Q. M. Sergt Com. Sergt	Chaplain Sergt. Major Promoted from Sergeant Co. E, to Sergeant Major, Sept. 14, 1864.  Q. M. Sergt. Promoted from Sergeant Co. H, to Quartermaster Sergeant, Aug. 28, 1862. Com. Sergt. Promoted from Serge and Co. T. Man. 10, 1862.
1	Hos. Stew'd.	Hos. Stew d. Promoted from Private to Sergt. Co. F. Feb. 22, 1863. Promoted from 1st Sergt. Co. I, to Commission Stew d. Promoted from Private to Sergt. Co. F. Feb. 22, 1863. Promoted from Serget.
Andrew Young	Prin. Mus'n. Prin. Mus'n.	Prin. Mus'n. Promoted from 1st Sergt. Co. F. to Homoted from 1st Sergent Co. F. Prin. Mus'n. Promoted from Private of Co. I, to Principal Musician, March 1, 1865.  Prin. Mus'n. Promoted from Musician of Co. I, to Principal Musician, March 1, 1865.
low	Sergt. Major	Hezekiah H. Winslow Sergt. Major Transferred to Co. F, to be promoted to 2d Lieutenant, April 9, 1863.

# MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. A.—Captain William H. Morse.

REMARKS,	Resignation accepted September 28th, 1864.  Promoted to Captain, eve Stone resigned, Nov. 17th, 1864.  Promoted to 1st Lieut., vice Morse promoted, November 17th, 1864.  Promoted to 1st Lieut., vice Morse promoted, November 17th, 1864.  Resignation accepted on or about January 28th, 1863.  Promoted to 2d Lieut. Nov. 13th, 1864.  Promoted to Sergeant Rebruary 28th, 1863.  Promoted to Sergeant Rebruary 28th, 1863.  Promoted to Sergeant April 13th, 1864.  Promoted to Sergeant April 13th, 1863.  Promoted to Cargoral Rebruary 28th, 1863.  Promoted to Corporal March 16th, 1863.  Wounded in right arm severely at Pleasant Hill, La.  Promoted to Corporal March 16th, 1863.  Promoted to Corporal Jov. 18th, 1864.  Promoted to Corporal Nov. 18th, 1864.  Wounded in right thigh severely at Fort De Russey, La.
RANK.	Captain————————————————————————————————————
NAME.	Elias S. Stone————————————————————————————————————
4	

REMARKS.	Wounded slightly at Yellow Bayou, La., and in right foot severely at Tupelo, Miss.; toe amputated.  Wounded in left thigh severely at Bayou La Moore, La.  Wounded slightly at Munfordsville, Ky.	Wounded severely at Munfordsville, Ky. Wounded in head slightly at Pleasant Hill, La. Wounded in left leg severely at Munfordsville, Ky, and wounded in right shoulder by guerrillas, while on board transport on Tennessee river.	Wounded in right arm severely at Pleasant Hill, La.	Killed in battle of Pleasant Hill, April 9th, 1864; wounded in face slightly at Fort De Bussey, La. Killed in battle of Pleasant Hill, April 9th, 1864. Killed in battle of Mumfordsville, Ky., September 14th, 1862. Killed in battle of Pleasant Hill, La., April 9th, 1864.
BANK.	Private	3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3	Sergeant
NAME.	Hull, Ephraim  Hoover, Joseph  Hoover, David  Hursh, Harmon K  Launder, William H  Lamb, Josse T  McGlure, Train C  McGriff, Patrick  McGriff, Patrick  Moore, David A  Oran, Albert  Rodgers, William H  Ramsey, Alonzo  Simmeris, Joseph  Shields, William H  Shields, William H  Ramsey, Alonzo  Sinneris, Joseph  Shields, William  Shields, William	Stair, Adam Swetser, Robert B Treida, John Votaw, Jabez Vorhes, Levi	Vorhes, Eli	Bair, Jacob

Private Died of wounds received at battle of Munfordsville, Ky., Sept. 14th, 1862.  " Died from wounds received a Munfordsville, Ky., Sept. 14th, 1862.  " Died from wounds received at Munfordsville, Ky., Sept. 14th, 1862.  " Died on or about the 6th day of May, 1863, at Alexandria, La, of disease.	"	"—————————————————————————————————————	" Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Fort Pickering, Tenn, about May 20th, 1863.  " Discharged on Surge. Cer., at Wabash, Ind., Nov. 5th, 1862; wounded severely at Munfordsville, Ky. Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., on or about October 15th, 1863.  Corporal Discharged on Surgeon's certificate at Indianapolis, Indiana, on or about November 20th, 1862.  Private Mustered out Surgeon's certificate, on or about March 1st, 1863.  " Mustered out at Greenville, I.a., May 31st, 1865, by order.  " Mustered out at Indianapolis, Indiana, about November 20th, 1863.  " Discharged at Indianapolis, Indiana, about November 20th, 1863.
Root, Daniel Starbuck, Milton H Stoker, James Missing. Hull, Daniel Missing.	<u> </u>	Winsler, Jacob  Deserted.  Ewalt, Henry C. Jones, Adam  Moore, William W.  Sbuey, Josiah	

### MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. A-Continued.

REMARKS.	Private Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on or about July 5th, 1863.  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, May 25th, 1864.  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Indianapolis, or or about November 28th, 1862,  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Indianapolis, Indiana, February 11th, 1863.  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Indianapolis, Indiana, February 11th, 1863.  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Indianapolis, Indiana, Becember 5th, 1863.  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Indianapolis, Indiana, Becember 5th, 1863.  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, at Indianapolis, Tenn., March 27th, 1863.  do Discharged on Surgeon's certificate, January 16th, 1863.  do Transferred to 26th Indiana Infantry.  do Transferred to 26th Indiana Infantry.	Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.  Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.  Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps January 10th, by order War Department, dated Jan. 1st, 1865.  Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteers.  Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteers January 9th, 1865.  Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.  Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.  Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.  Transferred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.
BANK.	Private do	
NAMES.	on	Hollerman, Henry—— Hettmansperger, Jacob— Kendall, Eugene—— Lows, John—— Mathis, Richard—— McClure, John N—— Mercer, Edward—— Phillips, John H—— Rodgers, John—— Rodgers, John——

rred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry,	rred to Veteran Reserve Corps.	rred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.	rred to 26th Indiana Volunteer Infantry.
Transfer	Transferr	Transferr	Transfer
qo	do	qo	do
Truxell, William	Williamson, Robert B	Williamson, Hiram H.	Williamson, James B
	do	Villiam	do do do

## MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. B-Capt. Elijah Williams.

	***	ì
REMARKS.	Hervey Craven	
RANK.	Captain————————————————————————————————————	2 2 2 3
NAME.	Hervey Craven  Samuel Henry  Benj. F. Bowsman  Jonathan W. Zeublin  George H. Brown  Joseph M. Rogers  Gorge Rinewalt  Joseph M. Rogers  William J. Mullin  Stephen J. Jackson  Stephen J. Jackson  John Kessler  William H. Stowder  John Kessler  John Kessler  Mwilliam H. Stowder  George W. Ifert  Myilliam G. Brown  Myilliam G. Brown  Jakes  Myilliam G. Brown  Myilliam G. Brown  Jakes  Anderson, George R.  Musician  Malden, John W. H.  Pryvate.  Anderson, George R.  Anderson, Thomas  Gaptain  Allen  Myilliam G. Brown  Musician  Davis Jones  Allen  John W. H.  Pryvate.	Baughman, William—Baker, John A. Beard, Wm. J. Becker, Philip

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Private.  " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Sergeant
Bogart, Jacob Craven, Lawrence Crosly, Andrew Delawter, John E Given, Jacob Goul, James W Gross, Thomas L.		Shell, Wm. H., Sr

Killed in battle at Nashville, Tenn , Dec. 16, 1864.

-- Died Aug. 1, 1863, at Pendleton, In l. Promoted from Corporal to Sergeant Nov. 26, 1862.

REMARKS,	Musician Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Sept. 24, 1864, of wound received in battle.  Musician Died May 15th, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  Private Died April 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of small pox.  " Died April 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of small pox.  " Died April 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of small pox.  " Died April 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of chronic diarrhoea.  " Died April 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of chronic diarrhoea.  " Died Aug. 28, 1864, in Vew Orleans, La.  " Died Aug. 28, 1864, at Wemphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  " Died Aug. 28, 1864, at Wemphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  " Died Aug. 26, 1864, at Memphis, Tenn., of fyphoid fever.  " Died Aug. 27, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of diarrhoea.  " Died Aug. 28, 1864, at Peasant Hill, La. of wound received in battle.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of small pox.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of small pox.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of small pox.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of small pox.  " Died August 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of Surgeon's certificate of disability.  " Died Sept. 9, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of Surgeon's certificate of disability.  " Died Sept. 9, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., of Surgeon's certificate of disability.  " Diedsarged Feb. 23, 1863, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., on Surgeory of disability.  " Discharged Dee 19, 1863, at Lefterson Barracks, Mo., on Surgeory of disability.  " Discharged March 18, 1863, at Lefterson Barracks, Mo., on Surgeory of disability.  " Discharged March 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18,	Discharged Feb. 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenu, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
RANK.	Corporal  Musician  Private  " "  Dorporal  Derivate  Private	"
NAME.	B. Shaul  I. Pardue  J. Bamuel W  J. Samuel W  J. Shirlore B. Ban, Chas. R  John  J. Jehiel T  John  J. Jehiel T  John  J. Jehiel T  John  J. Jehiel T  John  J. Scott  John  Deserted  J. Scott  M. Callen V  Rarvey H.  Deserted  J. Scott  M. Callen V  Rarvey H.  Deserted  J. Scott  M. Scott  M. Scott  J. Scott  M. McCarty  M. McCarty  M. McCarty  M. William B  V. Charles A	Castle, Samuel

Crosly, Henry————————————————————————————————————	Moses D. Gage ————————————————————————————————————
Private	Sorgeant  Sorporal  rivate  " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
Cresly, Henry Carrol, Rollin S. Jarrett, Andrew J. Jackson, George Lemon, Orange Mingle, Wm. S. Norris, Thos. H. B. Seybert, James H. Smethers, John A. Wylie, Thomas G. Transferred.	Moses D. Gage

## MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. C .- Capt. Franklin Jones.

REMARKS,	Charles R. Jones —— Gaptain — Entered service as 1st Lieut. Promoted to Capt., May 8, 1863, vice Capt. C. R. Jones resigned.  Franklin Jones —— Gaptain —— Britered the service as 1st Lieut. Promoted to Capt., May 8, 1863, vice Capt. C. R. Jones resigned.  Franklin Jones —— Captain —— Britered the service as 2d Lieut. Promoted to 1st Lieut, May 8, 1863, vice Capt. F. S. Zeek promoted to Capt. Dec. 7, 1864, vice Capt. F. S. Zeek promoted from private to 1st Serget, Dec. 7, 1864, vice Wm. 1. Shoemsker discharged. Promoted from private to 1st Serget, Dec. 7, 1864, vice Wm. Franklin Jones promoted.  William V. Russell —— Ist Lieut. —— Promoted from private to 1st Serget, Dec. 7, 1864, vice Wm. 1, 1865.  Cyrus W. Harrey —— 2d Lieut. —— Promoted from Sergt, Dec. 26, 1863.  Galvin Coppock —— Sergeant Promoted from Sergt, Leb. 8, 1863.  Galvin Coppock —— 1st Serget, Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Coppoul Promoted from private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Coppoul Promoted from private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Cook, Milton —— 1, 1965.  Galvin Coppoul Promoted from private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Cook, Milton —— 1, 1965.  Galvin Cooppoul Promoted from private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Cooppoul Promoted from private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Cooppoul Promoted from private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Cooppoul Promoted from Private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Cooppoul Promoted from Private to Corp., Jan. 1, 1865.  Galvin Cooppoul Promoted from Private Corp. 2007.  Galvin Cooppoul Promoted from Private Corp. 2007
BANK.	Captain —— Captain —— 2d Lieut.—— 2d Lieut.—— 2d Sergeant 2d Sergeant 3d Sergeant 1st Corporal 3d Corporal 3d Corporal 4th Corporal 5th Corporal 6th Corporal 7th Corporal 7th Corporal 6th Corporal 7th Corporal 8th
NAMES.	Charles R. Jones Farlow S. Zeek Franklin Jones William V. Russell John B. Wells Ichabod Smith Cyrus W. Harvey Lancaster D. Baldwin Isaac E. Moore Calvin Coppock Samuel S. Lucus Simeon Griffitts Jonathan Winslow Azbury Fleming Azbury Fleming Robert A. Brushweller William S. Elifott Joseph P. Reaves Barley, Joseph P. Reaves Barley, Joseph P. Reaves Barley, Joseph P. Beander E. Bardbwin, Leander E. Bardbwin, Leander E. Bardbwin, Esander E. Bradbury, William A. Gosch, Milton Duling, Elijah Forehand, Cullin

	il 9, 1864. pt. 14, 1862. ay 18, 1864. il 9, 1864.	Ky., Sept. 14, 1862. 1 hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn.
	Killed in battle at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864. Killed in battle at Munfordsville, Ky., Sept. 14, 1862. Killed in battle at Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864. Killed in battle at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.	Webb, AndrewSergeant Died of chronic diarrhosa, Feb. 10, 1863, in hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn.
Private c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	Corporal Private H	ergeantI
H I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ttle.	Webb, AndrewSamuel DevaughnS

REMARKS,	Sergeant Promoted from Corporal to Sergeant, Feb. 6, 1863. Died of wounds received in the battle of Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.  Corporal Promoted from Private to Corporal, March 21, 1863. Died of chronic diarrhea, May 24, 1864, at	Vicksburg, Miss.  — Died of wounds received in battle of Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.  — Died of typhoid fever, Dec. 19, 1862, at Memphis, Tand.  — Died of measles, Dec. 15, 1862, in hospital, at Indianapolis, Ind.  — Died of measles, Dec. 15, 1862, in hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn.  — Died of chronic diarrhea, Oct. 2, 1864, at his home in Grant Co., Ind.  — Died April 21, 1865, of wounds received at Fort Blakely, Ala., April 9, 1865.  — Died April 21, 1864, of wounds received in the battle of Fleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.  — Died April 9, 1864, of wounds received in battle at Bayou LaMore, La., May 7, 1864.  — Died April 9, 1864, in hospital at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  — Died April 24, 1864, in hospital at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever.  — Died April 24, 1864, in hospital at Indianapolis, Ind.  — Died Of disease, in hospital at Gairo, Ill., of chronic diarrhea.	<ul> <li>Died Sept. 28, 1863, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo., of chronic diarrhea.</li> <li>Died March 11, 1862, in hospital at Indianapolis, Ind. of measles.</li> <li>Died March 11, 1862, in hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., of chronic diarrhea.</li> <li>Died Sept. 29, 1862, in hospital at Rort Pickering, Tenn., of chronic diarrhea.</li> <li>Died Sept. 29, 1863, in hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., of chronic diarrhea.</li> <li>Died May 27, '64, of wounds received in battle at Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, '64, at Vicksb'g, Miss.</li> <li>Died May 27, '64, of wounds received in battle at Yellow Garche.</li> <li>Died Reb. 28, 1863, in hospital at Memphis, Tenn., of chronic diarrhea.</li> <li>Died March 27, 1863, in hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., of remittent fever.</li> <li>Died Nov. 14, 1863, in hospital at Rept Pickering, Tenn., of remittent fever.</li> <li>Died June 7, 1863, in hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., of remittent fever.</li> </ul>
RANK.	Sergeant	Private	
NAMES.	Edward Hineline	Bayless, Thomas—Bright, Abram—Brewer, George—Brewer, Willis—Coppock, John R—Coppock, John R—Hill, Daniel—Hill, Daniel—Hill, Daniel—Hueas, John—Morgan, George F—Nersen, John—Morgan, George F—Nersen, John Morgan,	Palmer, Ashford Roush, Isaac S. Rich, Calvin Ratcliff, Moses Simons, Hivam Swisher, George W. Swisher, Eli. Whitson, Willis Wilcuts, Calvin Wilson, Thomas

Nelson, Joel R Private Deserted on or about Dec. 20, 1862, from hospital at Indianapolis, Ind.  William L. Shoemaker Ist Sergeant Discharged on Surgeon's certificate of disability, Nov. 28, 1862, at Indianapolis.  William Hyatt Sergeant Discharged on Surgeon's certificate of disability, Feb. 28, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn.	Devaugha, Thomas  Private Discharged on Surgeon's certificate of disability, April 23, 1863, at Indianapolis, Ind.  Hollis, David	Sergean Corpora Private	3333
Deserted. Nelson, Joel R Discharged. William L. Shoemal	Devais I ayue. Devais I ayue. Hollis, David. Osenbaugh, Jacob Simons, Harrison Smily, Martin Turner, George	Isaac Smithson————————————————————————————————————	Havens, James C Meek, Richard Overman, Amos Schooley, Cam T Wells, Newton.

# MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. D-Capt. Garah Markland.

REMARKS,	Captain —— Resigned Nov. 5, 1864. Captain —— Promoted from 1st Lieut. to Captain Dec. 7, 1864. 1st Lieut. —— Promoted from 2 Sergeant to 1st Lieutenant December 27, 1864. 1st Sergeant —— Promoted from 2 at 0.188 Sergeant April 1, 1864. 1st Sergeant —— Promoted from 2 at 0.188 Sergeant April 1, 1863. 3d Sergeant —— Promoted from 1st Corporal to 5th Sergeant April 1, 1865. 1st Corporal —— Promoted from 1st Corporal to 5th Sergeant April 1, 1865. 1st Corporal —— Promoted from 1st Corporal to 5th Sergeant April 1, 1865. 1st Corporal —— Promoted from Private to 7th Corporal Feb. 22, 1863. 3d Corporal —— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal Jule 2, 1863. 4th Corporal —— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal Jule 2, 1863. 4th Corporal ————————————————————————————————————
RANK.	Captain Captain Ist Lieut 2d Lieut 1st Sergeant 1st Sergeant 3d Sergeant 1st Sorgeant 1st Corporal 2d Corporal 1st Corpora
NAMES.	John E. Williams  Garah Markland  Garah Markland  Oliver L. Moulder  William Styer  Daniel Harris  John Shaddy  Thomas Whitehead  John H. Farley  James R. L. Chaney  James R. Harman  John W. Pool  Samuel M. Simmons  John Rateliff  William H. Henry  William H. Henry  Mylliam H. Henry  Bayle, Patrick  Browning, Wesley  Commer, Joseph E.  Cornny, Thomas  Deffenbaugh, William  Fades, George W.  Fauchier, Francis E.  Garabill, David  Bades, George W.  Harman, William  Fades, George W.  Harman, William  Fades, George W.  Long, Adison  Long, Adison

	rhile going home on sick leave. Fenn. an. an.	
to duty Jan. 21, 1864.	Died Sept. 2, 1864, while a prisoner at Andersonville, Ga.  Died Dec. 16, 1862, in Regimental Bospital near Memphis, Tenn.  Died Jan. 18, 1864 in Small Fox Bospital, Memphis, Tenn.  Died about the middle of July, 1864, on board steamer J. D. Perry, while going home on sick leave.  Died about the middle of July, 1864, on board steamer J. D. Perry, while going home on sick leave.  Died June 27, 1863, at his home in Howard County, Ind.  Died Jan. 10, 1863, at his home in Howard County, Ind.  Died Jan. 10, 1863, at his home in Howard County, Ind.  Died Jan. 10, 1863, at his home in Howard County, Ind.  Died Jan. 10, 1863, at his home in Howard Ry.  Died June 21, 1863, at Regimental Hospital, Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died June 12, 1863, in Regimental Hospital, New Orleans, La.  Died June 12, 1864, at Gayoso U. S. General Hospital, Memphis, Tenn.  Died June 2, 1864, at Gayoso U. S. General Hospital, Memphis, Tenn.  Died June 2, 1864, at Gayoso U. S. General Hospital, Tenn.  Died April 27, 1863, in Regimental Hospital, Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died April 27, 1863, at Indianapolis, Ind.  Deserted Oct. 27, 1862, at Indianapolis, Ind.  Deserted Oct. 27, 1862, at Indianapolis, Ind.  Deserted Nov. 22, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn.	
Deserted Oct. 27, 1862, and restored to duty Jan. 21, 1864.	James W. Ploughe —— 1st Sergeant. Died Sept. 2, 1864, while a prisoner at Andersonville, Ga. Lewis Long ————————————————————————————————————	
Privat	1st Sergeant, 1s	
Manifee, George ————————————————————————————————————	James W. Ploughe —— 1st Sergeant. Lewis Long —— 3d Sergeant. Robert McReynolds —— 4th Sergeant Daniel Sheets —— 5th Corporal Beard, Francis M.— 6th Corporal Beard, Francis M.— 6th Corporal Morris, Lafayette —— 6th Corporal Martin, John K.— 6th Corporal Ross, Erastus —— 6th Co	

REMARKS.	William A. Grodday 4th Sergeant Discharged January 4, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Guiroy A. Gordon 4th Sergeant Discharged January 4, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. Joseph Taylor 46 Corporal Discharged January 4, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. Joseph Taylor 4th Corporal Discharged January 4, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. Browning, Perry 4th Corporal Discharged May 31, 1863, at Indianapolis, Ind. Browning, Perry 4th Corporal Discharged May 12, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. Clingpeel, John 5th Corporal Discharged May 12, 1865, at Nashville Tenn. Bread, Noah Corner, Lewis W. 5th Corporal Discharged May 12, 1865, at Machiller Tenn. Bread, Noah Corner, Lewis W. 5th Corporal Discharged May 12, 1865, at Machiller Tenn. Discharged May 12, 1865, at Machiller Tenn. Clingpeel, John 5th Corporal Discharged January 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. Bread, Noah Corner, Lewis W. 5th Corner, Lewis W. 5th Corporal Discharged January 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. Discharged April 29, 1864, at Indianapolis, Ind. Transferred. Corporation Dischar	Transferred November 25, 1862, to the 18th U. S. Infantry at Indianapolis, IndTransferred to the 26th Indiana InfantryTransferred to the 26th Indiana Infantry.
RANK.	4th Sergeant District District Sergeant District	Tre
	the transfer of the transfer of the transfer of transf	111
NAMES.	William A. Crodday—4th Sergeant George D. Sheets—5th Corporal Joseph Taylor Taylor Tryate—7th Corporal Browning. Perry—6th Corporal Burton, William F. Edwards—7th Corporal Burton, William R.—6th Corporal Burton, William R.—6th Conner, Lewis W.—6th Conner, James—7th Conner, Lewis W.—6th Conner, James—7th Conner, Lewis Balarp, Thomas—6th Conner, Lewis L.—6th Conner, Lewis L.—6th Changer,	Evans, William H

	, Ind.
	Indianapolis
. Infantry,	3. Infantry at
fantry. the 18th U. S. Infantr fantry.	November 27, 1862, to the 11th U.S. Infantry at
ed to the 26th Indiana Infa ed November 25, 1862, to the ed to the 26th Indiana Infa	ar 27, 1862, to
rred to the 26th stred November stred to the 26th	red November
Transferred Transferred Transferred	Transfer
Private	3
Miles J] John	John
Hodson, Miles Langley John Tiry, Anderson	Whisler,

# MUSTER-OUT ROLL of CO. E .- Capt. Frederick G. White.

	Resigned.
BEMARKS.	Captain — Promoted to Major Dec. 8, 1864. Entered the service as Captain.  Captain — Promoted to 1st Lieut. and then promoted to Captain, Dec. 7, 1865.  1st Lieut. — Resigned December 6, 1862.  1st Lieut. — Resigned December 6, 1862.  1st Lieut. — He Seguant till Jan. 16, '63. Promoted to 2d Lieut. Feb. 19, '65, promoted to 1st Sergeant.  2d Jeut. — He Seguant till Jan. 18, '63. Promoted to 2d Lieut. Feb. 19, '65, promoted to 1st Sergeant.  1st Sergeant. Was 2d Sergt, until March 21, 1863, when he was promoted to 1st Sergeant.  2d Sergeant. Promoted from Corporal to Sergeant, Jan. 6, 1865.  4th Sergeant Promoted from Corporal to Sergeant, Jan. 6, 1865.  1st Corporal Has been a Corporal March 21, 1864.  2d Corporal Promoted to Corporal Jan. 6, 1865.  2d Corporal Promoted to Corporal Jan. 6, 1865.  5th Corporal Promoted to Corporal Jan. 6, 1865.  5th Corporal Promoted to Corporal Jan. 6, 1865.  Sth Corporal Promoted to Corporal Jan. 6, 1865.  Sth Corporal Promoted to Corporal Jan. 1, 1865.
BANK.	
NAME.	Joseph P. Winters Frederick W. White Royal Denney Aaron W. Wright Levi James Joseph L. Hall John T. Hanlin Charles T. Oharra Berry Arbaugh Barid H. Adams Cornelius Cowin George W. Arbaugh George W. Arbaugh Joseph Jackson Joseph Jackson Joseph Jackson Joseph Jackson Joseph Jackson Benjamin Fifer John G. Ross John G. Ross John Ogden Reard, John Bartness, Abraham Bartness, Abraham Bartness, Abraham Bartness, Abraham Bartness, John C. Ratnest, John C. Ratness, Abraham Bartness, Abraham Bartness, Abraham Bartness, John A. Sosiah Clawson, Josiah

May 18, 1864.  April, 1864.  April, 1864.  La., May 7th, 1864.  May 18, 1864.	ever Oct. 6, 1864. Miss., Feb. 6, 1865. kering, Tenn. '62, at Memphis, Tenn.
Killed in battle of Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864. Killed in battle of Pelsant Hill, La., April, 1864. Killed in battle of Pleasant Hill, La., April, 1864. Killed in skirmish of Bayou LaMore, La., May 18, 1864. Killed in skirmish of Bayou LaMore, La., May 18, 1864. Killed in battle of Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864. Killed in battle of Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864. Killed in Skirmish line at Fort Blakely, Ala, April 5, 1865.	Adam Loy
Killed in bat Killed in Sk	Died of chro Died of flux Died of flux
Private a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	4th Sergeant 2d Sergeant 1st Corporal Private
Evilsizer, Minor  Gilbert, William  Houser, Lewis  Haffner, Wm. R.  Henry, William  Jetter, John D.  Kelley, Francis M.  Loofborrow, Jasper N.  Lewis, Chester  Money, Jacob  Poling, Daniel  Poling, Daniel  Powers, Henry C.  Premer, Samuel  Roshong, Daniel  Roshong, Daniel  Swihart, George W.  Sagri, Lewi.  Sagri, Lewi.  Saratton, Timothy L.  Wible, Bobert  Wible, Bobert  Wible, Jacob  Rabason, George  Meek, George  Meek, George  Meek, George	Adam Loy

REMARKS.	Boyles, David.  Boyles, David.  Bristot.  Bris
BANK.	Private ——  do d
NAME.	Boyles, David Bryan, Hallot Evilsizer, Lafayette Hudson, Benjamin Isenhart, Silsa James, Jesse W McFarland, Robert W. Fremer, Frederick Stratton, William H. Tinkle, Jeremiah F. Young, Robert Lostler, William H. Dissclarged. Kranklin Snyder Arnold, David E. Arnentrout, Daniel Blackburn, Joseph Cook, Peter M. Delph, Fontaine Elliot, Jesse Elblen, Joseph Glasford, George W. Jones, Samuel W. Kelley, William S. Landers, Henry Loofborrow, Elias Loper, Christopher Mason, William H.

ar Department. certificate of disability. ertificate of disability.		
or Orleans, La., by order of West in War Department, ickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's anapolis, Ind., on Surgeon's	14, 1864.  Orps.  d. Volunteers, July 10, 1865.  d. Volunteers, July 10, 1865.  d. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. d. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. d. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. d. Volunteers, July 10, 1865.	d. Volunteers, July 10, 1865.
Discharged June 10, 1865, at New Orleans, La., by order of War Department. Discharged May 25, 1865, by order of the War Department. Discharged July, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 26, 1862, at Indianapolis, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.	John W. Jackson	Transferred to 26th Regiment Ind. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. Transferred to 26th Regiment Ind. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. Transferred to 26th Regiment Ind. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. Transferred to 26th Regiment Ind. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. Transferred to 26th Regiment Ind. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. Transferred to 26th Regiment Ind. Volunteers, July 10, 1865. Transferred to 26th Regiment Ind. Volunteers, July 10, 1865.
	A Sergeant. A Farantician Transvate Transvate do	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Morrical, Adam Private Nidey, Timothy do Rants, J. Isaac do Scott, Luotton do	John W. Jackson	Meed, Nathaniel Premer, Isaac Siberry, William B Stanley, James B Saunders, William K

	eut., lied.
	Captain —— Resigned. Resignation accepted January 15, 1863, per S. O. Headquarters Department of Tennessee, dated January 15, 1863.  Lat Lieut.— Promoted from 2d Lieut, vice Burns resigned, March 16, 1863.  Lat Lieut.— Promoted to 2d Lieut, vice Burns resigned, March 16, 1863.  Lat Lieut.— Promoted to 2d Lieut, vice Stewart promoted, took effect March 16, 1863.  Lat Lieut.— Promoted to 2d Lieut, vice Stewart promoted, took effect March 18, 1863.  Lat Lieut.— Entered the service as Private. Promoted to Sergt. Major Aug. 30, 1862.  Lat Eleut.— Promoted from Private to Ist Sergeant, March 18, 1863; to 2d Sergeant, March 1, 1865.  Sergeant.— Promoted from Private to Corporal, Ber. 3, 1863; to 2d Sergeant, March 1, 1865.  Sergeant.— Promoted from Private to Corporal, Dec. 19, 1863; to 2d Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 6th Corporal, March 18, 1863; to 2d Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 6th Corporal, March 18, 1863; to 2d Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 6th Corporal, June 1, 1864. Promoted to 4th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 5th Corporal, June 1, 1864, Promoted from Private to 5th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Designation of the private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Designate to 1865.  Corporal.— Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1865.  Designate to
	tment to oted to oted to vice W vice W 865.  1865.  1865.  65.  65.
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	Headqu rch 16, 17, 189 Jer. 30, Jent., J sant, M sant, M sant, M cant, M cant, M orporal orporal orporal
	S. O. J.  y, 1863. y, 1863. y, 1863. cot Main, Feb. do 1st L. do 2st L. to 3d k. to 2d g. to
REMARKS.	arch 16 arch 16 arch 16 cook eff cook eff cook eff noted t 1865. 3; to 54 1863; 1; to 54 1863; 2, 1863; 3, 1864; to 864; to 864; to 864; to 864; to
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	innary is resig; sc. 23, 1; t proposed onoted ant, Ms March
	ppted Jackers Burn Stewars Stewars Stewars Stewars Stewars Stewars Stewars Dr.
	n acce wit, vic n accel L, vice L, vice L, vice Privat rate of t rate of t r
	signed. Resignation accepted see, dated January 15, 1863. Comoted from 2d Lieut., vice Busigned. Resignation accepted Jonoted from 2d Lieut, vice Stew Cook effect April 14, 1863. Litered the service as Private. Paril 14, 1863, vice Willets promoted from Private to 1st Sergenonted from Private to Corporation of Front Private to Graph Corporated from Private to Graph Corporated from Private to 5th Corporated from Private to 5th Corporated from Private to 8th Corporated from Private for 8th Corporated for 8th
	dated a dated a dated a dated a dated a dated to 2 date 2
	Resigned. Resignation accepted January 15, 1863, per S. O. Headquarters Departmen see, dated January 15, 1863.  Promoted from 2d Lieut., vice Burns resigned, March 16, 1863.  Promoted from 2d Lieut., vice Burns resigned, March 16, 1863.  Resigned. Resignation accepted Dec. 23, 1862.  Promoted to 2d Lieut., vice Stewart promoted, took effect March 16, 1863.  Promoted to 2d Lieut., vice Stewart promoted to Sergt. Major Aug. 30, 1862.  Promoted the service as Private. Promoted to Sergt. Major Aug. 30, 1862.  Promoted from Private to 1st Sergeant, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 1st Sergeant, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to Corporal, Sept. 3, 1863; to 2d Sergeant, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to Corporal, Dec. Iv, 1862; to 5th Sergeant, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to Corporal, March 18, 1863; to 2d Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 6th Corporal, March 18, 1863; to 3d Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Wounded and in hospital at Nashville, Tenn, Dec. 16, 1864. Promoted to Hrought of the Corporal, June 1, 1864; to 5th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1864; to 5th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1864; to 5th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1864; to 6th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1864; to 6th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, June 1, 1864; to 7th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 18th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, March 1, 1865.  Promoted from Private to 8th Corporal, March 1, 1865.
K.	The state of the s
BANK.	Captain  Saptain  Saptain  Saptain  Saptain  Saptain  Saptain  Saptain  Saptain  Saptain  Corporal  Corpor
NAMES.	urns  T. Winlits - F. Winlits - F. Winlits - F. Winlits - F. Warrovin - F. Warrovin - F. Warrovin - F. Truax Ty  T. Truax Ty  T. Taylor - F. Waddl Woodn - F. Warrowin - F. Warro
NA	William Burns—— Captain—— Resigned. Resignation accepted January 15, 1863, per S. O. Headquarters Departmen John T. Stewart.—— Captain—— Promoted from 2d Lieut., vice Stewart promoted, to 2d Lieut., People and Lieut., vice Stewart promoted, to 2d Lieut., People and Lieut., vice Stewart promoted, to 2d Lieut., People and
	Will John John John John John John John John

Killed at Munfordville, Ky., Sept. 14, 1862. Killed at Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864. Killed at Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864.	Died at Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 17, 1863, in U. S. General Hospital.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Oct. 17, 1863.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., March 1, 1863, in Regimental Hospital.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., of typhoid fever, June 25, 1863, in Regimental Hospital.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., or about Jnne 20, 1864, in U. S. Hospital.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., July 8, 1863, in Regimental Hospital.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., June 10, 1864, in Regimental Hospital.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., August 10, 1863, in Regimental Hospital.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., August 10, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Andersonville, Ga., August 7, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 28, 1862, while at home on furlough.  Died in Howard Co., Ind., Nov. 15, 1863, in U. S. Hospital.  Died in Howard Co., Ind., Nov. 15, 1862, while at home on furlough.  Died in Howard Co., Ind., Nov. 15, 1862, while at home on furlough.  Died in Howard Co., Ind., Nov. 18, 1862, while at home on furlough.  Died in Howard Co., Ind., May 18, 1863, while at home on furlough.	Deserted Nov. 28, 1862, from Camp Morton, Indianapolis, Ind. Deserted Nov. 19, 1862, from Indianapolis, Ind. Deserted April 1, 1863, from Indianapolis, Ind. Discharged at Memphis, Tenn., by order of Maj. Gen. Hurlburt, Jan. 30, 1863.
Private do d	Private ————————————————————————————————————	Corporal Private do
liam F.	R. A. H.	McDowel, Joseph F Stucker Abraham Stout, Charles Discharged.

REMARKS.	Corporal — Discharged at Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 26, 1863.  Private — Discharged at Indianapolis, Phy civil authority, Dec. 1, 1862.  Discharged at Membris, Tenn., by order of Maj, Gen. Hurlbut, June 30, 1863.  Discharged at Membris, Tenn., by order of Maj, Gen. Hurlbut, June 30, 1863.  Discharged upon Surgeon's certificate of general debility.  Tenapere — Discharged Dec. 2, 1862, upon Surgeon's certificate of general debility.  Private — Discharged for dissubility, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., Jan. 30, 1863.  Discharged for dissubility, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., Jan. 30, 1863.  Discharged for dissubility, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., Jan. 30, 1863.  Discharged for dissubility, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., Jan. 30, 1863.  Discharged for dissubility, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., Jan. 30, 1863.  Discharged Jan. 21, 1863, for wounds received in battle at Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864.  do Discharged Jan. 21, 1863, for wounds received at Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 764.  Corporal — Discharged Jan. 21, 1863, upon Surgeon's certificate.  do Discharged Jan. 21, 1863, upon Surgeon's certificate.  Discharged Jan. 19, 1863, upon Surgeon's certificate.  do Discharged upon Surgeon's certificate.  do Discharged upon Surgeon's certificate.  do Discharged upon Surgeon's certificate, Jan. 14, 1863.  do Discharged upon Surgeon's certificate.  do Discharged upon Surgeon's certificate, Jan. 14, 1863.  do Discharged upon Surgeon's certificate, Jan.
RANK.	Corporal  do  do  Corporal  Tentrate  Tentrate  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  d
NAMES.	Denman, Charles Fifer, Samuel Frakes, James B. Foreman, Henry W. Johnson, John T. Littler, John B. Miller, Samuel Miller, Samuel Poff, Samuel B. Wordsoner, Peter W. Vernan, Laban Vandenbark, William Waggener, Peter W. Waggener, Peter W. Waggener, Peter W. Wadde, John B. Wadde, John B. Wadde, John B. Richards, John B. Richards, Janes E. Richards, Jacob E. Transferred. Thomas F. Banks Eali, James Franco, Absolom S. Froy, Solomon. Herrell, George W.

Martin, George W.—. Private —— Transferred to 26th Ind., July 18, 1865. Richards, James N.—. Sergeant.— Transferred to V. R. C., May 15, 1864. Wilson, James ——— Corporal.— Transferred to 1st Tenn. Heavy Artillery, Sept. 3, 1863. Wilson, John W.—.— Private —— Transferred to 26th Ind., July 18, 1865. Windley Hozelinh do Private —— Promoted to Sergeant Major of the regiment of the programment					100
Martin, George W.—. Private —— T. Richards, James N.—. Sergeant.—. T. Wilson, James —— Corporal — T. Wilburn, John W. —— Private —— T. Winslow, Hezekinh do	ransferred to 26th Ind July 18, 1865.	ransferred to V. R. C., May 15, 1864.	ransferred to 1st Tenn. Heavy Artillery, Sept. 3, 1863.	ransferred to 26th Ind., July 18, 1865.	romoted to Serveant Major of the regiment Amenst 20
Martin, G Richards, Wilson, J. Wilburn,	eorge W Private	James N Sergeant T	amesT	John W Private T	Hezekiah do P
	Martin, G	Richards,	Wilson, Ja	Wilburn,	Winslow

## MUSTER-OUT ROLL OF Co. G-Capt. Lewis Sims.

BEMARKS.	Captain
RANK.	Captain  Captain  1st Lieut  1st Lieut  1st Sergeant  2d Sergeant  5th Sergeant  5th Sergeant  5th Corporal  4th Corporal  7th C
NAMES.	Bedford W. Gifford Lewis Sims. Villiam T Hutchison Jeremish P. Brown John W. Plummer John W. Plummer William D. Ferree Benjamin F. McCain Joseph Warnick Reuben A. Watts Nelson Dunnihoo Henry H. Wigle John M. Darby Matthew Young James H. Darby Bates, Jonathay George W. Dunlap James H. Darby Bates, Jonathay George W. Dunlap Black, Charles W Chandler, Thomas Charlet, George W. Dunnihoo, Andrew J Eldridge, Edward Finney, David A. Gregory, James Hendrickson, Jacob W. Johnson, Isaac W. Lemaster, William Lemaster, William Lemaster, Miller.

Private  "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "	ant.— Died Aug 1, 1863, while at home on furlough.  Died May 26, 1863, in Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died June 12, 1864, in New Orleans, La.  Died June 12, 1864, in Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died Feb. 23, 1864, in Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died June 16, 1863, in Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died June 16, 1863, in Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died April 24, 1864, of wounds received in battle, at Fort Blakely, Ala.  Died April 24, 1864, of wounds received in battle, at Fort Blakely, Ala.  Died April 10, 1863, in Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died April 10, 1863, in Fort Pickering, Tenn.  Died Jan. 19, 1863, in Gairo, Ill.  Died June 26, 1863, in Memphis, Tenn.
Private	2d Sergeant—Sergeant—Corporal—
McCoy, Harrison Mullikin, William P Morrison, Daniel Morrison, John Power, Charles B. Rees Joseph M. Ross, Wilkison B. Shultz, George Weimer, Aaron Walter, Samuel Webb, James M. Wright, John Vright, John Yright, John Wright, Wright	ersham- er ott- dard D.  T T B. e E E.

## MUSTER-OUT ROLL OF Co. G-Continued.

REMARKS,	Private —— Deserted Oct. 27, 1862.  Private —— Deserted Oct. 27, 1862.  Sergeant — Discharged March 17, 1865, at Indianapolis, Ind. Discharged Nov. 28, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn.  "" Discharged Nov. 28, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged June 7, 1863, at Ront Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged June 7, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. "" Not mustered into the U. Service. "" Discharged March 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged March 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Dec. 20, 1863, at Benton Baracks, Mo. "" Discharged May 12, 1863, at Benton Baracks, Mo. "" Discharged May 12, 1863, at Indianapolis, Ind. "" Discharged Jule 9, 1865, at Indianapolis, Ind. "" Discharged Jule 9, 1865, at Nashville, Tenn. "" Discharged Jule 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Jule 15, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Sept. 23, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Sept. 23, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Sept. 23, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Sept. 23, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Sept. 23, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Jule 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Jule 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged Jule 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged June 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged June 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged June 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged June 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn. "" Discharged June 27, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn.
BANK.	Sergeant  Private  Sergeant  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""
NAMES.	Descrited. Johnson, Exom Nichols, John B.  Discharged. William M. Gifford Baker, Samuel Baker, Levi. Collins, Amaziah Creason, George W. Cor, James Davis, Samuel H. Drayer, Reuben Daily, Wiley. Fritz, John V. Fritz, John A. Hollingsworth, Joel. Keith, Cornelius. Keith, Cornelius. Keith, Cornelius. Kenable, Franklin R. Kanable, Charles E. McCoy, Calvin Patten, Martin Raise, Julious Sins, Eligh Smith, Lemuel. Thompson, John A. Thompson, John A. Smith, Lemuel.

vate Transferred Sept. 5, 1862.	" Transferred to the 26th Indiana Reg't July 7, 1865.	" Transferred to the 26th Indiana Reg't July 7, 1865.	" Transferred to 1st Tennessee Heavy Artillery, (colored,) July 5, 1863.	" Transferred to the 26th Indiana Reg't July 7, 1865.
Priv	1		-	- T
Transferred.	Carter, Thomas D.	Daily, Wiley	Hunt, Ezra S.	Turner, Richard E.

# MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. H-Capt. Robert D. Patterson.

	10
REMARKS.	Enos W. Erick.  Adoniram J. Hill
RANK.	Captain—— Captain——  " Captain—— " List Lieut—— " Lad Lieut—— " Lad Sergeant— " Sergeant—— " Sergeant—— " Corporal—— " Corporal——— " Corporal————————————————————————————————————
NAMES.	Enos W. Erick—— Captain—— Robert D. Patterson—Captain—— James H. Browning—1st Lieut—— William A. Wisner——1st Lieut—— William A. Wisner——1st Lieut—— John A. Cowan——1st Sergeant——3 bohn P. Quinn——3d Sergeant—3 bohn P. Quinn——5th Sergeant—3 ames H. Stults——5th Sergeant—5 ames H. Sults——5th Sergeant—5 ames R. Smith———5th Sergeant—5 ames R. Baylone——6 Corporal—5 Joshua R. Parrish——6 Corporal—5 Joshua R. Parrish——6 Corporal—5 Joshua R. Parrish——6 Corporal—5 Joshua R. Parrish——6 Corporal—1 Thomas McCullough—Wagoner—Blackburn, Abraham——6 Burkhead, Samuel——6 Burkhead, Samuel——7 Burkhead, Samue

Absent, sick, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., since Oct. 1st, 1864.  Absent, sick, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., since Oct. 1, 1864.  Absent, sick, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., since Oct. 1, 1864.  Absent, sick, Hospital, Paducah, Ky., since Feb. 10, 1865.  Absent, sick at Hospital, New Orleans, La., since March 2, 1865.  Was Corporal at organization of Company, was reduced to ranks by request, Feb. 28, 1863.	Killed in skirmish near Decatur, Miss., Feb. 22, 1864.  "
	"geant
	Ser
Clayton, William——————————————————————————————————	Essex, David

REMARKS,	Private — Wounded and Taken prisoner at Bayou IaMoore, Ia., May 7, 1864.  " Died at Barnacks Hospital, New Orleans, Ia., March 17, 1865.  Private — Died at Regimental Hospital, Fort Pickering, Tenn., April 5, 1863.  " Died at Alefreson Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., April 5, 1863.  " Died at Regimental Hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., March 20, 1863.  " Died at Regimental Hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., May 8, 1863.  " Died at Regimental Hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 8, 1863.  Sergeant — Died at Regimental Hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., April 12, 1863.  Sergeant — Died at Regimental Hospital at Fort Pickering, Tenn., April 17, 1863.  Private — Died at Regimental Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., April 12, 1863.  Private — Died at Regimental Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., April 12, 1863.  Private — Died at Regimental Hospital, Fort Pickering, Tenn., February 27, 1863.  Private — Died at Pest Hospital in Nashville, Tenn., January 7, 1865, of wounds.  " Died at Hospital in Nashville, Tenn., January 7, 1865, of wounds.  " Died at Pest Hospital, Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 7, 1865.  " Died at Pest Hospital, Forn., May 16, 1865.  " Died at Pest Hospital, Tenn., May 16, 1865.  " Died at Pest Hospital, Tenn., May 18, 1863.  " Died at Pest Hospital, Tenn., May 18, 1863.  " Died at Pest Hospital, Tenn., May 18, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  " Discharged at Mond City, III., May 12, 1865.  " Discharged at Indianapolis, Ind., November 27, 1864.
RANK.	Private Corpor Co
NAMES.	Shaffer, Albert M.————————————————————————————————————

Kennedy, Theodore——Private ——Discharged June 10, 1865.  Lewis, Jesse ———Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  Martin, Joharles W. ——Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  Martyman, Charles W. ——Discharged at Fort Pickering, Tenn., January 30, 1863.  Pyle, Jonathan ———Discharged at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., January 10, 1865.  Byle, Jonathan ———Discharged at St. Louis, Mo., January 30, 1865.  Sheets, Noah ————————————————————————————————————	TIVANG
Kennedy, Theodore——————————————————————————————————	atallones, count e-

NAME.	RANK.	BEMARKS.
Henry BantaPeter Litzell	Captain	Resigned at Memphis, Tenn. Resignation accepted Jan. 28, 1863.  Promoted from 1st Lieut. to Capt. May 15, 1863, vice Banta resigned. Dismissed for "absence without leave," per S. O. No. 49, dated War Dep't, A. G. O., Washington, D. C., Jan. 31, 1865, to
John J. Chubb	Captain	Promoted from 2d to 1st Lieut. May 19, 1863, vice Litzell promoted. Promoted from 1st Lieut. to
John Blood	1st Lieut	Capt. Feb. 25, 1865, Vice Litzell dismissed.  Promoted from 1st Sergt. to 2d Lieut. May 29, 1863, vice Chubb promoted. Promoted from 2d to 1st Lieut. Rep. 25, 1865 vice Chubb promoted.
Eugene Bunner	1st Sergeant.	1st Sergeant, Promoted from Corporal to 1st Sergt, per S. O. No. 32, dated Head-Quarters 89th Ind. Vols., Nash-
Esaias Q. Dailey	2d Sergeant_	2d Sergeant. Sergeant since the organization of the company.  3d Sergeant. Reduced from Corporal Dec. 14, 1862. Promoted from Private to Sergeant Feb. 22, 1863.
	5th Sergeant Corporal	For Sergeant Reduced from Corporat to Sergeant May 9, 1863.  Str. Sergeant Reduced from Sergeant to the ranks May 7, 1863. Promoted from Private to Sergeant Aug. 4, 1863.  Cornoral Aug. 10 Cornoral since the organization of the commany
Ezekiel AmesJohn S. McClain		Promoted from Private to Corporal May 16, 1863.  Promoted from Private to Corporal May 16, 1865. Wounded in battle. Pleasant Hill, April 9, 1864.
Reuben Baxter	Corporal	Promoted from Private to Corporal Jan. 1, 1865.
Apple, Godfrey Amspaughar, Noah Borger, Owen	Private	Wounded in battle, Pleasant Hill, La., April 2, 1864.
Boustler, Michael Barnett, Henry Barnett, William	2 2 2	
Barnett, John Bottenberg, Andrew J	3 3	Wounded in battle, Tupelo, Miss., July 14, 1864.
Baker, John Carver, Charles	==	Wounded in battle, Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.
Oook, George	" "	

Wounded in battle, Fort De Russey, La., March 14, 1864.		Wounded in battle, Tupelo, Miss., July 14, 1864.		Promoted from Private to Corporal May 9, 1863. Killed in battle at Ft. Blakeley, Ala., April 9, 1865.  While going home on furlough, steamer exploded on the 27th January, 1865; missing since.		Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., Sept. 9, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died April 10, 1864, of wounds received in battle at Pleasant Hill, La., April 9, 1864.  Died in Adams county, Ind., Oct. 7, 1864, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Aug. 26, 1864, of chronic diarrhea.
Private	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	999999	Corporal	d op op	do do do do
Cook, Jacob	Cronister, Samuel Drummond, Wm. D. Doudna, Wm. F. Erwin, Joseph T. Elzey, Ezekiel Ewing, Aaron Galloway, Josiah Hendricks, Jacob Helm, George Hurst, John McGardel, David	McClune, James. McClune, Henry. Need, Daniel. Norman, Nelson Palmer, Andrew J. Smith, Joseph W	Steele, John Smith, August Smith, Isaiah Trimble, George Will, John Killed in Battle.	Cowan Hugh Q Missing. Harrison, Samuel	Aspy, John Bailey, George W.	Burg, WilliamBarnett, RandolphBarnett, ThomasChriscamp, Henry

### MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. I-Contirued.

REMARKS.	Died at City Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., March 10, 1863, of small pox.  Died at City Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., April 1, 1863, of small pox.  Died at Marine Hospital, Vicksburg, Miss, May 14, 1864, of varioloid.  Died at Rort Pickering, Tenn., June 6, 1863, of chronic diarrhoea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., June 27, 1863, of chronic diarrhoea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., May 2, 1863, of chronic diarrhoea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., March 20, 1863, of typhoid fever.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., May 4, 1863, of typhoid fever.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., May 4, 1863, of typhoid fever.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., March 29, 1863, of chronic diarrhoea.  Died at Vicksburg, Miss., Feb. 1, 1864, of varioloid.  Died at City Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., July 5, 1863, of chronic diarrhoea.	Descrted December 6, 1862, at Cairo, III.  Descrted September 27, 1862, at Indianapolis, Ind.  Descrted September 27, 1862, at Indianapolis, Ind.  Descrted September 27, 1862, at Indianapolis, Ind.  Descrted December 6, 1862, at Cairo, III.  Discharged for disability at Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 29, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate.  Jischarged for disability at Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 31, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate.  Discharged for disability at Indianapolis, Ind., Peb. 14, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate.  Discharged for disability at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., April 30, 1865, of wound received in battle.  Discharged for disability at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Nov. 2, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate.  Discharged for disability at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Nov. 2, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate.  Discharged for disability at Indianapolis, Ind., Jan 12, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate.  Discharged for disability at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., May 12, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate.  Mustered out May 18, 1865, in secondarged for disability at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., May 12, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate.
RANK.	Private do	do d
NAME.	W	r. r

Meeker, Patrick   Corporal   Discharged for disability at Jefferson Barracks, Mo, Sept. 27, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate.  Referson, Henry C   Corporal   Mus.ered out June 3, 1865, at Montgomery, Ala.  Ruttinger, John   Private   Discharged for disability at Camp Morton, Ind., Dec. 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate.  Rover, George   Private   Discharged for disability at Fort Pickering, Tenn., Oct. 16, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate.  Rover, William   Promoted from Private to Corporal Dec. 14, 1863.	Britton, David  Boyd, Robert  do ———————————————————————————————————
Corporal—— Private——— Private——— do ————	do d
Meeker, Patrick	Britton, David Boyd, Robert Embody, Daniel Hart, Henry Jones, Daniel King, David Smith, Jehn Steele, David Steele, David Steele, David Flary, Rerry Elary, Errstus Greet, J. M. Glancey, Hugh G.

# MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. K-Capt. Edwin S. Metzger.

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REMARKS.	ecatm
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	Sargeant   Promoted to 2d Lieut. June 18, 1863.   Died in Decatur, Adams co., Ind., August 22, 1864.   Sargeant   Promoted to 1st Sergeant, June 1, 1864.   Sargeant   Promoted to 2d Lieut. June 1, 1864.   Sargeant   Promoted to 4th Sergeant, June 1, 1865.   Sargeant   Promoted to 6th Sergeant, June 1, 1865.   Sargeant   Promoted to Corporal November 4, 1865.   Sargeant   Promoted to Corporal November 4, 1865.   Sargeant   Promoted to Corporal June 1, 1864.   Sargeant   Sargeant   Promoted to Corporal June 1, 1864.   Sargeant
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RANK.	Captain
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NAMES.	Edward S. Metzger—  Henry McLean James Stoops—  Henry H. Hart Andrew J. Teeple—  Sylvester L. Gorsline—  William M. Burdge—  William M. Burdge—  Wwm. B. McCampbell—  Louis W. Lewton——  Henry Wafel——  Perry Wise———  Louis B. Rising——  James Gaunt——  James Gaunt——  Louis Bly———  Bradford, Peter——  Bradford, Peter——  Bradford, John H.—  Bradford, John H.—  Barkley, John——  Barkley
	lward mes f anry E anry E anry E llyeste illiam nouns W anry V anry V anford mes I anglor nes C i Mc mes I i Mc mes I i Mc nes I i
	のわの福田を経経を経過を見れば、中国の人に、日本の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の一般の

		Wounded at the battle of Yellow Bayou, La., May 18, 1864, in the hand, slightly.	The state of the s	Wounded at Yellow Bayon, La., May 18, 1864, in foot slight.	Wounded in the battle of Tunelo Miss. July 14, 1864 in beed slight	the state of the s		Was wounded near Meridian. Miss., and taken prisoner Feb. 23, 1844. Never exchanged.			The part of the second		Wounded at Fort De Rusey, La., in right side, slightly, March 14, 1864.	and the second of		Someout Died at Atchafayla Bayou, La, of fever, May 20, 1864.	Died December 20, 1862, in Cumbertand Lospital from wounds received in partie of Nashville, Dec. 10, '64. Died December 20, 1862, in Adams county, Indiana. Died December - 864 of Membris Pannessee	Died May 10, 1863, in Regimental Hospital, Fort Pickering.
Private						-								1		ergeant.	Corporal.	te
Priva	3999	do do	do do	999	do do	do	do do	တ္ တ	do do	do do	do	9 op	do do	do	do do	1st S	Corporal.	Private.
Dutcher, Ralph.	Everhart, John C.	Fravel, James Heavlin, Colonel J.	Heavland, Jackson E.	Hawk, Frederick Judy, John Li.		Moccabee, John	McHugh, Henry B.	Kiley, George W	Reppert, Frederick.	Scoch, John Andrew	Swenk, William	Swenk, Alexander	Shady, Joseph	Welter, William A.	Wood, Benjamin F.	Joseph C. Bolton	Covey G. Wilson	Baker Christian

### MUSTER-OUT ROLL of Co. K-Continued.

REMARKS,	Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 7, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Killed in battle at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 16, 1864.  Died at his residence in Adams county, Ind., Feb. 11, 1865, of consumption.  Died at Atton, III., Dec. 25, 1863.  Died at Atton, III., Dec. 25, 1863.  Died at Atton, III., Dec. 25, 1863.  Died at Atton, III., Dec. 26, 1863.  Died at Atton, III., Dec. 26, 1863.  Died at Marine Hospital, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 29, 1864, of pneumonia.  Died at North Pickering, Tenn., July 18, 1863, of dysentery.  Died at Port Pickering, Tenn., July 18, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 18, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 1, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 1, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 1, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 1, 1863, of chronic diarrhea.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Oct. 3, 1864, of typhoid fever.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Oct. 3, 1864, of typhoid fever.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Tenn., July 1, 1864, of consumption.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Oct. 3, 1864, of typhoid fever.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Oct. 3, 1864, of typhoid fever.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Oct. 3, 1864, of typhoid fever.  Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Oct. 3, 1864, of ton wound received at Yellow Bayou.  Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.  Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.  Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.  Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.  Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.  Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Fort Pickering, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.  Beceived furlough at Fort Pickering, Tenn., July 20, 1863, and deserted.  Transferred
BANK.	Private
NAME.	Beckner, George  Bay, Hugh  Collar, Jackson W.  Colchin, John  Fivecoats, Thomas  France, Frederick  Hoffman, Jacob  Jones, Wenman F.  Lewis, David W.  Magley, Christian  More, William  Rice, William  Rich, Jacob  Bardoin, Isaac  Ahr, Jacob  Burdoin, Isaac  Ahr, Jacob  Burdoin, Isaac  Retters, William  McLead, Lemuel  Miller, Mathias  Wade, John  Winkleman, Christian  Wade, John  Winkleman, Christian  Shade, Samuel  Brothers, Horace E.  Crabs, Jacob M.  Felley, James